- Key terms

### 09/701711

AFTLE THEAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:59:24 ON 06 SEP 2002) 1383 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (MORAXELL? OR B OR M OR L1BRANHAMELL?) (W) CATARRH? 66 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L1(10A)ANTIGEN L2L3 35 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2(10A)(VACCIN? OR IMMUNIS? OR IMMUNIZ? OR ADJUVANT) T.4 22 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L3(10A)(POLYPROTEIN OR POLYPEPTIDE OR PEPTIDE OR PROTEIN) ANSWER 1 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS T.4 2001:255245 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:265146 TITLE: Cloning and characterization of outer membrane protein OMP106 gene of Moraxella catarrhalis and its prophylactic, diagnostic and therapeutic uses Tucker, Kenneth; Plosila, Laura; Tillman, Ulrich INVENTOR(S): F. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Antex Biologics Inc., USA SOURCE: U.S., 49 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 642,712. CODEN: USXXAM DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----20010410 US 1997-968685 19971112 US 6214981 B1 A CN 1223549 19990721 CN 1997-195990 19970428 ZA 9703809 Α 19971201 ZA 1997-3809 19970502 KR 2000010734 Α 20000225 KR 1998-708845 19981103 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1996-642712 A2 19960503 The invention discloses the Moraxella catarrhalis outer membrane protein-106 (OMP106) polypeptide, polypeptides derived therefrom (OMP106-derived polypeptides), nucleotide sequences encoding these polypeptides, and antibodies that specifically bind the OMP106 polypeptide and/or OMP106-derived polypeptides. Also disclosed are immunogenic, prophylactic or therapeutic compns., including vaccines, comprising OMP106 polypeptide and/or OMP106-derived polypeptides. The invention addnl. discloses methods of inducing immune responses to M. catarrhalis and M. catarrhalis OMP106 polypeptides and OMP106-derived polypeptides in animals. REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:78537 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:144470

TITLE: A high molecular weight major outer membrane

protein of Moraxella and the gene encoding it and the diagnosis, prophylaxis and treatment of

infection

INVENTOR(S): Loosmore, Sheena M.; Sasaki, Ken; Yang,

Yan-Ping; Klein, Michel H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Connaught Laboratories Limited, Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 247 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	CENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A:	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE		
WO	2001	0076	 19	 A	1	2001	0201		W	20		A870		2000	0726	
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		CN,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,
		LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	ΝZ,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	ΤZ,
		UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,
		ТJ,	TM													
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		CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,
		BF,	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG
EP	1203	082		A.	1 :	2002	0508		Εl	P 20	00-9.	5113	6	20000	0726	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,
		PT,	ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	$\mathtt{AL}$					
PRIORITY	APP:	LN.	INFO	.:				Į	JS 19	999-	3616	19	A2	19990	0727	
								Ī	WO 20	000-	CA87	0	W.	20000	0726	

AΒ An isolated and purified outer membrane protein of a Moraxella strain, particularly M. catarrhalis, having a mol. mass of about 200 kDa, is provided by recombinant means. The about 200 kDa outer membrane protein as well as nucleic acid mols. encoding the same are useful in diagnostic applications and immunogenic compns., particularly for in vivo administration to a host to confer protection against disease caused by a bacterial pathogen that produces the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein or produces a protein capable of inducing antibodies in a host specifically. reactive with the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein. N-terminally and C-terminally truncated about 200 kDa proteins also are produced recombinantly. The gene was cloned from the 4223 strain by screening an expression library in .lambda.EMBL3 with antiserum to the protein. A series of overlapping fragments were obtained and assembled to give the full-length gene. The gene was then used as a probe to obtain the gene from a no. of different strains of the bacterium. Protein manufd. in Escherichia coli was obtained as inclusion bodies that could be resolubilized and used raise antiserum in mice and guinea pigs. The antiserum was bactericidal and could block the binding of the bacterium to animal cells. Comparison of the sequences of the G tract of genes from strains with different clumping activity indicated that the no. of G's in the tract affected levels of gene expression. Prepn. and characterization of N- and C-terminal truncation derivs. is described.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 3 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:628168 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:221588

TITLE:

Immunogenic compounds

Ruelle, Jean-louis INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg. PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----\_\_\_\_\_ ---------A1 20000908 WO 2000-EP1468 20000223 WO 2000052042 W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 2000-907603 20000223 EP 1163265 A1 20011219 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI GB 1999-4559 A 19990226 WO 2000-EP1468 W 20000223 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: The invention provides BASB081 polypeptides from Moraxella AB catarrhalis and polynucleotides encoding BASB081 polypeptides and methods for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques. Also provided are diagnostic, prophylactic and therapeutic uses. THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT T.4 ANSWER 4 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2000:227773 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:250005 Antigenic outer membrane protein OMP21 of TITLE: Moraxella catarrhalis and the gene encoding it and their prophylactic, diagnostic and therapeutic uses Tucker, Kenneth; Tillmann, Ulrich F. INVENTOR(S): Antex Biologics Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ WO 2000018910 20000406 WO 1999-US22918 19991001 A1 AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW,

Searcher :

308-4994

Shears

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AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                       A1
                             20000417
                                            AU 1999-64100
                                                               19991001
     AU 9964100
     EP 1117779
                       A1
                             20010725
                                            EP 1999-951716
                                                               19991001
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                        T2 20020813
                                             JP 2000-572357
                                                               19991001
     JP 2002525110
                                          US 1998-164714 A 19981001
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .:
                                          WO 1999-US22918 W 19991001
ΑB
     The invention discloses the Moraxella catarrhalis outer membrane
     protein polypeptide and polypeptides derived therefrom (collectively
     "OMP21"), nucleotide sequences encoding said OMP21, and antibodies
     that specifically bind OMP21. Also disclosed are pharmaceutical
     compns. including prophylactic or therapeutic compns., which may be
     immunogenic compns. including vaccines, comprising OMP21, antibodies
     thereto or nucleotides encoding same. The invention addnl.
     discloses methods of inducing an immune response to M. catarrhalis
     and OMP21 in an animal, preferably a human, methods of treating and
     methods of diagnosing Moraxella infections in an animal, preferably
     a human, and kits therefor. The outer membrane proteins of several
     strains of M. catarrhalis were extd. with non-denaturing detergents
     (octyl glucoside or EmpigenBB.RTM.) and fractionated on
     SDS-polyacrylamide gels followed by transfer to PVDF membranes for
     N-terminal sequencing. The protein was antigenic in rabbits and
     conserved between strains of M. catarrhalis and related bacteria.
     Antisera to the protein mediated complement killing of M.
     catarrhalis. The gene, omp21, was cloned by PCR with degenerate
     primers and a knockout mutation created. The knockout strain showed
     weaker binding to cultured nasopharyngeal cells than did the wild
     type.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                                 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                                 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN
                                 THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 5 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          2000:191223 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          132:233331
                          Moraxella catarrhalis basb034 polypeptides and
TITLE:
                          utility in vaccine development and diagnosis
INVENTOR(S):
                          Ruelle, Jean-louis
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg.
SOURCE:
                          PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp.
                          CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO. DATE
                             _____
                                             ______
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                       ____
     WO 2000015802
                      A1
                             20000323
                                           WO 1999-EP6781 19990914
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,
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             LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
             SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU,
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0,9/701711

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ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
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     AU 9958632
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                       A1
     BR 9914492
                       Α
                             20010626
                                            BR 1999-14492
                                                              19990914
     EP 1114160
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                                            EP 1999-946171
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             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
             PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     JP 2002525057
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     NO 2001001263
                             20010430
                                            NO 2001-1263
                                                              20010313
                       Α
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          GB 1998-20002
                                                           Α
                                                              19980914
                                                           W 19990914
                                         WO 1999-EP6781
     The invention provides BASB034 polypeptides and polynucleotides
AΒ
     encoding BASB034 polypeptides and methods for producing such
     polypeptides by recombinant techniques. It is not uncommon to
     isolate Moraxella catarrhalis strains that are resistant to some or
     all of the std. antibiotics. The gene BASB034 was isolate from
     Moraxella catarrhalis strain ATCC43617 and other strains. The
     non-coding flanking regions of the BASB034 gene were analyzed and
     exploited for modulation of BASB034 gene expression. Rflp patterns
     within this gene were found with the following restriction
     endonucleases: HphI, AluI, RsaI, EcoRV, and Sau3A1. A vaccine is
     described comprising the gene BASB034 protein and at least one other
    Moraxella catarrhalis antigen. This may be used to generate an
     immune response. Antibodies specific for this antigen are discussed
     in the light of Moraxella catarrhalis infection detection and
     treatment and diagnosis. Also provided are diagnostic, prophylactic
     and therapeutic uses.
                                THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
REFERENCE COUNT:
                                THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN
                                THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 6 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
T.4
                          1999:795970 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          132:20305
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          Protein BASB021 and its encoding polynucleotides
TITLE:
                          from Moraxella catarrhalis strains and use for
                          diagnosis of and vaccine against otitis media
                          Thonnard, Joelle
INVENTOR(S):
                          Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp.
SOURCE:
                          CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                             DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                            _____
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                                                              19990531
     WO 9964602
                       A2
                             19991216
                                            WO 1999-EP3824
    WO 9964602
                             20000203
                       A3
            AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU,
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             IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV,
             MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG,
             SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW,
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Searcher: Shears 308-4994

AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
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             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9945050
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                      A1
                            20010328
                                           EP 1999-927846
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     EP 1086229
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            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
             PT, IE, FI
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        GB 1998-12440
                                                         A 19980609
                                        WO 1999-EP3824
                                                         W 19990531
     Claimed are BASB021 polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding
ΑB
     BASB021 polypeptides from Moraxella catarrhalis (also known as
     Branhamella catarrhalis) strains, methods for producing such
     polypeptides by recombinant techniques, and methods for their use in
     diagnostics for detecting infection by certain pathogens,
     specifically otitis media, and as vaccines against bacterial
     infection.
    ANSWER 7 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L4
                         1999:736939 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         131:348195
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         Protein BASB020 and its encoding polynucleotides
TITLE:
                         from Moraxella catarrhalis strains and use for
                         diagnosis of and vaccine against otitis media
                         Thonnard, Joelle
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg.
                         PCT Int. Appl., 113 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                     KIND
                           DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
     PATENT NO.
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    WO 9958684
                      A2
                            19991118
                                           WO 1999-EP3257
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    WO 9958684
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                      А3
            AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU,
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             MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG,
             SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW,
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     CA 2328502
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                                           BR 1999-11773
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                       Α
                                           JP 2000-548475
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                                                            19990507
                                           NO 2000-5697
                                                            20001110
     NO 2000005697
                       Α
                            20010110
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AB Claimed are BASB020 polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding BASB020 polypeptides from Moraxella catarrhalis (also known as

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

Searcher: Shears 308-4994

GB 1998-10285

WO 1999-EP3257

Α

19980513

W 19990507

Branhamella catarrhalis) strains, methods for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques, and methods for their use in diagnostics for detecting infection by certain pathogens, specifically otitis media, and as vaccines against bacterial infection.

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:736935 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:348194

TITLE: Protein BASB010 and its encoding polynucleotides from Moraxella catarrhalis strains and use for

diagnosis of and vaccine against otitis media

INVENTOR(S): Thonnard, Joelle

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE		
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		IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,
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	2328													19990		
AU	9942	600		A	1	1999	1129		P	U 19	99-4	2600		19990	0507	
EP	1078	065		A:	2	2001	0228		E	P 19	99-9	5035	3	19990	0507	
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		PT,	ΙE,	FI												
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:										1998		
										999-				1999		
									WO 1	999-	EP32	54	W	19990	0507	

AB Claimed are BASB010 polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding BASB010 polypeptides from Moraxella catarrhalis (also known as Branhamella catarrhalis) strains, methods for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques, and methods for their use in diagnostics for detecting infection by certain pathogens, specifically otitis media, and as vaccines against bacterial infection.

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:736756 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:350252

TITLE: Moraxella catarrhalis antigenic proteins and

their use for immunization

INVENTOR(S): Cripps, Allan William; Kyd, Jennelle

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cortecs (UK) Limited, UK SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	0.	DATE		
	9958 9958				_				W	0 19	99-G	B147	3	1999	0511	
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		IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,
		MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,
		SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	ŪG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,
		AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM						
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝĖ,	SN,	TD,	$\mathtt{TG}$		
CA	2328	130		A	A	1999	1118		C	A 19	99-2	3281	30	1999	0511	
	9938			-										19990		
EP	1077												-			
	R:	•	•	•	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,
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	2002				_	2002			-					19990		
	2000					2001	0110			0 20		-		2000		
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :										19980		
								1	WO 1	999-	GB14'	73	W	19990	)511	

AB Novel antigens of Branhamella catarrhalis (also known as Moraxella catarrhalis) are provided, together with their use in vaccines as well as methods of diagnosis and/or detection. N-terminal and internal peptide sequences are provided for antigenic proteins of mol. mass 20, 30, 35, 44, and 71 kDa.

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:736754 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:348191

TITLE:

Protein BASB009 and its encoding polynucleotides

from Moraxella catarrhalis strains and use for diagnosis of and vaccine against otitis media

INVENTOR(S):

Thonnard, Joelle

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 99 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT	NO.		KI	ND :	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	и ис	٥.	DATE		
									_							
WO	9958	562				1999:	1118		W	0 19	99-E	P326	2	19990	0510	
WO	9958	562		A	3 :	2001	0517									
	W:	ΑE,	AL,			AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,
		CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	ΙL,
		IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,
		MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,
		SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,

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AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
              DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
              CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                            CA 1999-2328061 19990510
     CA 2328061
                       AA 19991118
                                                               19990510
                              19991129
                                              AU 1999-42601
     AU 9942601
                        Α1
                                                               19990510
     EP 1086127
                            20010328
                                              EP 1999-950345
                        A1
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
              PT, IE, SI, FI
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           GB 1998-10193
                                                            A 19980512
                                                            W 19990510
                                           WO 1999-EP3262
     Claimed are BASB009 polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding
AΒ
     BASB009 polypeptides from Moraxella catarrhalis (also known as
     Branhamella catarrhalis) strains, methods for producing such
     polypeptides by recombinant techniques, and methods for their use in
     diagnostics for detecting infection by certain pathogens,
     specifically otitis media, and as vaccines against bacterial
     infection.
     ANSWER 11 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                           1999:723176 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                           131:347525
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                           Moraxella catarrhalis Basb019 proteins and genes
TITLE:
                           from Moraxella catarrhalis and antigens and
                           antibodies and therapeutic applications
                           Ruelle, Jean-Louis
INVENTOR(S):
                           SmithKline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                           PCT Int. Appl., 101 pp.
SOURCE:
                           CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                           Patent
LANGUAGE:
                           English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                              APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                                                 DATE
                       ----
                             _____
                                              _____
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     WO 9957277 A2 19991111
WO 9957277 A3 20000203
                                              WO 1999-EP3038
                                                                 19990503
             AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU,
              CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,
             IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW,
              AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
              CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     CA 2327316
                            19991111
                                          CA 1999-2327316 19990503
                        AΑ
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A 19980506 W 19990503 WO 1999-EP3038 AB The invention provides Moraxella catarrhalis strain ATCC43617 gene BASB019 polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding BASB019 polypeptides and methods for producing such polypeptides by

19991123

20010214

Α1

A2

PT, IE, FI

AU 9939315

EP 1075521

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

recombinant techniques. Variability within the BASB019 gene among

Shears 308-4994 Searcher :

AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,

AU 1999-39315

GB 1998-9683

EP 1999-922171

19990503

19990503

several Moraxella catarrhalis strains was shown by RFLP anal. Also provided are diagnostic, prophylactic and therapeutic uses including prodn. of antisera to recombinant BASB019 and vaccine prodn. and immunizations. A treatment of humans for Moraxella catarrhalis disease using antibody directed against Basb019 proteins is described. Lastly, screening assays for antagonists and agonists for BASB019 are described.

ANSWER 12 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1999:708913 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:333042

Protein and DNA sequences of Moraxella TITLE:

catarrhalis BASB011 gene, and uses thereof in vaccine compositions and in assays for the

diagnosis of bacterial infections

Ruelle, Jean-louis INVENTOR(S):

Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 108 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	ο.	DATE		
WO	9955	 871		A	1	1999:	1104		W	0 19:	99-E	P276	4	1999	0420	
	W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,
		CZ,												HU,		
		IN,		-	-									LT,		
		MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,
														YU,		
			AZ,													
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ŪG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,
			CG,													
CA	2326	820	-	Ā	A.	1999:	1104		C	A 19	99-2	3268	20	1999	0420	
AU	9940	331		Α	1	1999:	1116		A	U 19	99-4	0331		1999	0420	
EP	1071	784		Α	1	20010	0131		E	P 19	99-92	2345	7	1999	0420	
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,
			IE,													
RITY	APP	LN.	INFO.	. :				(	GB 1	998-	8720		Α	1998	0423	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO WO 1999-EP2764 W 19990420

AΒ This invention provides the sequence of the Moraxella catarrhalis BASB011 gene, which encodes a protein that has homol. to the HtrA serine protease of Helicobacter pylori. The invention also relates to the use of an immunogenic fragment, preferably the extracellular domain, of the provided protein in a vaccine. The invention further relates to the use of the provided protein and/or gene in the

diagnosis of bacterial infections, esp. those of Moraxella. REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN

THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 13 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:571730 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:213099

TITLE: Vaccine for Moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S):

Murphy, Timothy F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

The Research Foundation of State University of

New York, USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 20 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,607,846.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English ·

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
US 5948412	Α	19990907	US 1997-810655 19970303	
US 5607846	Α	19970304	US 1994-245758 19940517	
CA 2189971	AA	19951123	CA 1995-2189971 19950420	
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		US 1994-245758 19940517	

PR: Compns. comprising outer membrane protein E, and peptides and AB oligopeptides thereof, of Moraxella catarrhalis are described. Addnl., nucleotide sequences encoding the protein, peptide, or oligopeptide are disclosed, as well as recombinant vectors contg. these sequences. Protein, peptide, or oligopeptide can be produced from host cell systems contg. these recombinant vectors. Peptides and oligopeptides can also be chem. synthesized. Disclosed are the uses of the protein, peptides and oligopeptides as antigens in antigenic formulations for vaccine applications or for generating antisera of diagnostic or therapeutic use; and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays. The nucleotide sequences are useful for constructing vectors for use as vaccines for insertions into attenuated bacteria in constructing a recombinant bacterial vaccine and for inserting into a viral vector in constructing a recombinant viral vaccine. Also described is the use of nucleotide sequences related to the gene encoding E as primers and/or probes in mol. diagnostic assays for the detection of M. catarrhalis.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 14 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L4

3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:554570 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:285063

TITLE:

Analysis of antigenic structure and human immune

response to outer membrane protein CD of

Moraxella catarrhalis

AUTHOR(S):

Murphy, Timothy F.; Kirkham, Charmaine;

DeNardin, Ernesto; Sethi, Sanjay

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Divisions of Infectious Diseases, Department of

Microbiology, State University of New York at

Buffalo, Buffalo, NY, 14215, USA

SOURCE:

Infection and Immunity (1999), 67(9), 4578-4585

CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567

PUBLISHER:

American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Moraxella catarrhalis is an important cause of otitis media in children and lower respiratory tract infections in adults with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). Outer membrane protein CD (OMP CD) is a 45-kDa protein which is a potential vaccine antigen to prevent infections

caused by M. catarrhalis. Eight monoclonal antibodies were used to study the antigenic structure of the OMP CD mol. by assaying recombinant peptides corresponding to the sequence of the protein. This approach identified two surface-exposed epitopes, including one near the amino terminus (amino acids 25 to 44) and one in the central region of the mol. (amino acids 261 to 331). Assays with serum and sputum supernatants of adults with COPD revealed variable levels of antibodies to OMP CD among individuals. To det. which portions of the OMP CD mol. were recognized by human antibodies, three human serum samples were studied with six recombinant peptides which span the sequence of OMP CD. All three sera contained IgG antibodies which recognized exclusively the peptide corresponding to amino acids 203 to 260 by immunoblot assay. Adsorption expts. with whole bacteria established that some of the human antibodies are directed at surface-exposed epitopes on OMP CD. The authors conclude that OMP CD is a highly conserved mol. which contains at least two sep. epitopes which are exposed on the bacterial surface. While individual adults with COPD show variability in the immune response to OMP CD, a specific region of the OMP CD mol. (amino acids 203 to 260) is important as a target of the human immune response.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:574816 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:313152

TITLE: The transferrin binding protein B of

Moraxella catarrhalis elicits

bactericidal antibodies and is a potential

vaccine antigen

AUTHOR(S): Myers, Lisa E.; Yang, Yan-Ping; Du, Run-Pan;

Wang, Qijun; Harkness, Robin E.; Schryvers, Anthony B.; Klein, Michel H.; Loosmore, Sheena

Μ.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pasteur Merieux Connaught Canada Research, North

York, ON, M2R 3T4, Can.

SOURCE: Infection and Immunity (1998), 66(9), 4183-4192

CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

The transferrin binding protein genes (tbpA and tbpB) from two strains of Moraxella catarrhalis have been cloned and sequenced. The genomic organization of the M. catarrhalis transferrin binding protein genes is unique among known bacteria in that tbpA precedes tbpB and there is a third gene located between them. The deduced sequences of the M. catarrhalis TbpA proteins from two strains were 98% identical, while those of the TbpB proteins from the same strains were 63% identical and 70% similar. The third gene, tentatively called orf3, encodes a protein of approx. 58 kDa that is 98% identical between the two strains. The tbpB genes from four addnl. strains of M. catarrhalis were cloned and sequenced, and two potential families of TbpB proteins were identified based on sequence similarities. Recombinant TbpA (rTbpA), rTbpB, and rORF3

Searcher: Shears 308-4994

proteins were expressed in Escherichia coli and purified. RTbpB was shown to retain its ability to bind human transferrin after transfer

to a membrane, but neither rTbpA nor rORF3 did. Monospecific anti-rTbpA and anti-rTbpB antibodies were generated and used for immunoblot anal., which demonstrated that epitopes of M. catarrhalis TbpA and TbpB were antigenically conserved and that there was constitutive expression of the tbp genes. In the absence of an appropriate animal model, anti-rTbpA and anti-rTbpB antibodies were tested for their bactericidal activities. The anti-rTbpA antiserum was not bactericidal, but anti-rTbpB antisera were found to kill heterologous strains within the same family. Thus, if bactericidal ability is clin. relevant, a vaccine comprising multiple rTbpB antigens may protect against M. catarrhalis disease.

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:543086 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:174683

TITLE: The 74 kilodalton outer membrane protein from

Moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S): Chen, Dexiang; Vandermeid, Karl R.; Mcmichael,

John C.; Barniak, Vicki L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                                 APPLICATION NO. DATE
                               _____
                                            WO 1998-US1840 19980129
WO 9833814 A1 19980806
     W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
          DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD,
          RU, TJ, TM
     RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES,
          FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
AU 9861393
                               19980825
                                                   AU 1998-61393
                                                                           19980129
                        A1
AU 747479
                               20020516
                        В2
EP 1005487
                               20000607
                                                EP 1998-906065
                        A1
         AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT,
           IE, FI
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1997-36827P P 19970131

WO 1998-US1840 W 19980129

AB A protein from the M. catarrhalis designated the 74 kD protein is isolated and purified. The 74 kD protein has an amino-terminal amino acid sequence which is conserved among various strains of M. catarrhalis. The protein has a mol. wt. of approx. 74.9 kD as measured on a 10% SDS-PAGE gel, while its mol. wt. as measured by mass spectrometry is approx. 74 kD. The 74 kD protein is used to prep. a vaccine compn. which elicits a protective immune response in a mammalian host to protect the host again disease caused by M. catarrhalis.

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:126360 HCAPLUS

, DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:191579

TITLE: Epitopes of outer membrane protein copB of

Moraxella catarrhalis and their use in vaccines

and diagnosis of infection

INVENTOR(S): Hansen, Eric J.; Cope, Leslie D.; Aebi,

Christoph

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas

System, USA; Hansen, Eric J.; Cope, Leslie D.;

Aebi, Christoph

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P.	ATENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	o. 	DATE		
	9806								W	0 19	97-U	S142	21	1997	0812	
W	O 9806	82T		A	3	1998	0507									
	W:	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	ΒA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,
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		KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
		NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,
		TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,
		TJ,	TM	•		•	-	·				-				
	RW:	GH,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,
														CF,		
						MR,										
А	U 9741										97-4	1500		1997	0812	
А	U 7404	81		B:	2	2001	1108									
E	P 9205	13		A:	2	1999	0609		E	P 19	97-9	3940	4	1997	0812	
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	PT,
		IE,	FI	•	•	•	•	,	·	•	•	•		-	•	•
PRIORI	TY APP	LN.	INFO	. :					US 1	996-	2383	2P	P	1996	0812	
								1	WO 1	997-	US14:	221	W	1997	0812	

AB The title epitopes of M. catarrhalis CopB as well as their uses in vaccination and diagnosis of M. catarrhalis infection are disclosed. Four CopB antigens were sequenced and their predicted amino acid sequences compared. Regions of conservation and non-conservation were identified, including one non-conserved region that represents an antibody binding region from the strain 035E. A single amino acid change (N to D) in this epitope, at residue 295, abolished reactivity of the antibody 10F3 with CopB. Peptides which only contain residues of this region that are C-terminal to residue 295 did retain reactivity but their reactivity was less than the maximal reactivity achieved in the presence of an asparagine at position 295.

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:785201 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:72145

TITLE: Characterization of an outer membrane protein of

Moraxella catarrhalis

AUTHOR(S): Mathers, Kate E.; Goldblatt, David; Aebi,

Christoph; Yu, Rong-Hus; Schryvers, Anthony B.;

Hansen, Eric J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Immunobiology Unit, Institute Child Health,

London, WC1N 1EH, UK

FEMS Immunology and Medical Microbiology (1997), SOURCE:

19(3), 231-236 CODEN: FIMIEV; ISSN: 0928-8244

Elsevier Science B.V. PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

To elucidate potential vaccine antigens,

Moraxella catarrhalis outer membrane

proteins (OMPs) were studied. We have previously shown an OMP to be a target for human IgG and have now further characterized this OMP which appears to have a mol. mass of 84 kDa and to be distinct from the 81-kDa OMP, CopB. Human transferrin was shown to bind the 84-kDa OMP alone. N-terminal sequencing of this OMP and purified M. catarrhalis transferrin-binding protein B (TbpB) revealed homol. both with each other and with the TbpB of Haemophilus influenzae and Neisseria meningitidis. Adsorption of human anti-serum with purified TbpB from two M. catarrhalis strains abolished or reduced binding of IgG to the 84-kDa OMP from three M. catarrhalis isolates. IgG binding to CopB was unaffected. It is clear that 84-kDa OMP is distinct from CopB and is a likely homolog of TbpB.

ANSWER 19 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS T.4

1997:177696 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

126:249929 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

The major outer membrane protein, CD, TITLE:

extracted from Moraxella (Branhamella)

catarrhalis is a potential vaccine antigen that induces

bactericidal antibodies

Yang, Yan-ping; Myers, Lisa E.; McGuinness, AUTHOR(S):

Ursula; Chong, Pele; Kwok, Yan; Klein, Michel

H.; Harkness, Robin E.

Research Center, Pasteur Merieux Connaught CORPORATE SOURCE:

Canada, 1755 Steeles Ave. West, North York, ON,

M2R 3T4, Can.

FEMS Immunology and Medical Microbiology (1997), SOURCE:

17(3), 187-199 CODEN: FIMIEV; ISSN: 0928-8244

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Elsevier Journal English

The major outer membrane protein of Moraxella (Branhamella) catarrhalis, CD, was detergent-extd. from the bacterial cell wall and purified to homogeneity in high yields by a simple process. purified protein appeared to exhibit immunogenic properties similar to those of native CD exposed on the surface of the bacterium. Antibodies to CD raised in mice specifically bound to intact B. catarrhalis, as detd. by flow cytometry anal. The IgG subclass distributions of anti-CD antibodies in sera from mice immunized with purified CD or with B. catarrhalis were also similar. CD was found to be antigenically conserved among a panel of B. catarrhalis isolates, as demonstrated by the consistent reactivities of mouse anti-CD antisera with a common 60 kDa protein on immunoblots. Furthermore, convalescent sera collected from patients with otitis media due to B. catarrhalis infection were found to be reactive with the CD protein by immunoblotting. Finally, the purified protein

induced antibodies in guinea pigs and mice that exhibited in vitro bactericidal activity against the pathogen. Therefore, the native CD outer membrane protein represents a potentially useful antigen for inclusion in a vaccine against B. catarrhalis.

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:135693 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:185521

TITLE: Vaccine for Moraxella catarrhalis INVENTOR(S): Murphy, Timothy F.; Bhushan, Reva

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Research Foundation of State University of New

York, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PΑ	ENT 1	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			1	APPLI	CATI	ON NO	o.	DATE		
 O	95312	215		Α.	L L	1995	1123		Ţ	VO 19	95-U	S513	4	19950	0420	
	W:	AM,	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	EE,	FI,	GE,	HU,	JP,	KG,
		KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MN,	MX,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,
		RO,	RU,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TT,	UA,	UZ,	VN						
	R₩:	KE,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,
		IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,
		MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG										
S	56078	346		A		1997	0304		τ	JS 19	94-2	4575	8	19940	0517	
Α	21899	971		A.	A.	1995	1123		(	CA 19	95-2	1899	71	19950	0420	
U	95239	969		A.	l	1995	1205		7	AU 19	95-2	3969		19950	0420	
U	70998	34		B	2	1999	0909									
Ρ	75977	77		A.	l	1997	0305		I	EP 19	95-9	1716	5	19950	0420	
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	PT,
		SE	•	•	·	-	•	-								
Р	10504	4444		T	2	1998	0506			JP 19	95-5	2966	6	19950	0420	
ΤY	APPI	LN.	INFO	. :				1	US :	1994-	2457	58		19940	0517	
								1	WO :	1995-	US51	34		19950	0420	
		D 95312 W: RW: S 56078 A 21899 U 95239 U 70998 P 7597 R: P 10504	D 9531215 W: AM, KP, RO, RW: KE, IT, MR, S 5607846 A 2189971 J 9523969 J 709984 P 759777 R: AT, SE P 10504444	D 9531215 W: AM, AU, KP, KR, RO, RU, RW: KE, MW, IT, LU, MR, NE, S 5607846 A 2189971 U 9523969 U 709984 P 759777 R: AT, BE, SE P 10504444	D 9531215 A.S. W: AM, AU, BB, KP, KR, KZ, RO, RU, SI, RW: KE, MW, SD, IT, LU, MC, MR, NE, SN, S 5607846 A.2189971 A.S. J 9523969 A.S. J 709984 B.S. P 759777 A.S. R: AT, BE, CH, SE P 105044444 T.S.	D 9531215 A1 W: AM, AU, BB, BG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, RO, RU, SI, SK, RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, IT, LU, MC, NL, MR, NE, SN, TD, S 5607846 A 2189971 AA J 9523969 A1 J 709984 B2 P 759777 A1 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, SE P 105044444 T2	D 9531215 Al 1995 W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A 2189971 AA 1995 D 709984 B2 1999 D 709984 B2 1999 D 759777 Al 1997 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, SE P 105044444 T2 1998	D 9531215 A1 19951123 W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A 19970304 A 2189971 AA 19951123 D 9523969 A1 19951205 D 709984 B2 19990909 D 759777 A1 19970305 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, SE P 105044444 T2 19980506	D 9531215 A1 19951123 W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A 19970304 A 2189971 AA 19951123 J 9523969 A1 19951205 J 709984 B2 19990909 D 759777 A1 19970305 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, SE P 10504444 T2 19980506 IY APPLN. INFO.:	D 9531215 A1 19951123 W W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A 2189971 AA 19970304 A1 19951123 A2 199523969 A1 19951205 A1 19951205 A1 19970305 A	D 9531215 A1 19951123 WO 19 W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A 2189971 AA 19951123 CA 19 D 9523969 A1 19951205 AU 19 D 709984 B2 19990909 D 709984 B2 19990909 P 759777 A1 19970305 EP 19 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, SE P 105044444 T2 19980506 JP 19 TY APPLN. INFO.:	D 9531215  W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE,  KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN,  RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN  RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK,  IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,  MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  A 19970304  B 19970304  CA 1995-2  J 709984  P 759777  R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE,  SE  P 10504444  T2 19980506  JP 1995-5  TY APPLN. INFO.:  US 1994-2457	D 9531215  W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN  RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  A 2189971  AA 19951123  CA 1995-218997  AA 19951205  AU 1995-23969  D 709984  B 2 19990909  P 759777  A1 19970305  B2 19990909  D 759777  A1 19970305  B2 19980506  D 1995-52966  D 1995-52966  D 1995-52966	D 9531215  A1 19951123  W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, NO, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN  RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  A 19970304  B 19970304  B 1995123  CA 1995-2189971  AA 19951205  AU 1995-23969  D 709984  B 19990909  D 759777  A1 19970305  B 1999-917165  R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, SE  P 10504444  T2 19980506  JP 1995-529666  TY APPLN. INFO.:  US 1994-245758	W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU,	D 9531215  A1 19951123  W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN  RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  A 2189971  AA 19951123  CA 1995-2189971  AA 19951205  AU 1995-23969  A1 19951205  A1 19950420  B2 19990909  P 759777  A1 19970305  B2 19990909  R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE  P 10504444  T2 19980506  JP 1995-529666  JP 1995-529666  JP 1995-529666  19950420  TY APPLN. INFO.:  US 1994-245758  19940517

Compns. comprising outer membrane protein E, and peptides and AΒ oligopeptides thereof, of Moraxella catarrhalis are described. Addnl., nucleotide sequences encoding the protein, peptide, or oligopeptide are disclosed, as well as recombinant vectors contg. these sequences. Protein, peptide, or oligopeptide can be produced from host cell systems contg. these recombinant vectors. Peptides and oligopeptides can also be chem. synthesized. Disclosed are the uses of the protein, peptides and oligopeptides as antigens for vaccine formulations, and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays. The nucleotide sequences are useful for constructing vectors for use as vaccines, for insertions into attenuated bacteria in constructing a recombinant bacterial vaccine and for inserting into a viral vector in constructing a recombinant viral vaccine. Also described is the use of nucleotide sequences related to the gene encoding E as primers and/or probes in mol. diagnostic assays for the detection of M. catarrhalis.

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:680768 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:81585

TITLE:

Branhamella catarrhalis outer

membrane-associated protein CD gene and use for

vaccine or immunoassay

INVENTOR(S):

Murphy, Timothy F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Research Foundation of State University of New

York, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT I	NO.		KII	D	DATE			7	APPI	LICA	ATIC	N NO	). 	DATE		
WO	9509				_	1995						4-US	1093	32	1994	0927	
			CA,									r m	T. (1)	T		377	D.M.
	RW:	AT, SE	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	, Gł	К, ј	LE,	IT,	ьU,	MC,	ΝĻ,	PT,
US	5556			Α		1996	0917		τ	JS 1	1993	3-12	9719	9	1993	0929	
US	5712	118		Α		1998	0127		Ţ	JS 1	1994	4-30	6873	l	1994	0920	
AU	9479	593		A:	1	1995	0418		7	U.	1994	4-79	593		1994	0927	
AU	7013	40		B	2	1999	0128										
EP	73708	85		A.	1	1996	1016		F	EP 1	1994	4-93	0490	)	1994	0927	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GF	R, ]	ΙE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	PT,
		SE															
JP	0950	3210		T	2	1997	0331		Ċ	JP 1	1994	4-51	041	7	1994	0927	
FI	9601	407		Α		1996	0521		I	FI 1	1996	5-14	07		1996	0328	
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO.	. :					US 3	1993	3-12	2971	.9		1993	0929	
									US :	1994	4-30	0687	'1		1994	0920	
									WO :	1994	4-US	3109	32		1994	0927	

Compns. comprising outer membrane protein "CD", and peptides and AB oligopeptides thereof, of Branhamella catarrhalis are described. Addnl., nucleotide sequences encoding the protein, peptide or oligopeptide are disclosed, as well as recombinant vectors contg. these sequences. Protein, peptide or oligopeptide can be produced from host cell systems contg. these recombinant vectors. Peptides and oligopeptides can also be chem. synthesized. Disclosed are the uses of the protein, peptides and oligopeptides as antigens for vaccine formulations, and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays. The nucleotide sequences are useful for constructing vectors for use as vaccines for insertion into attenuated bacteria in constructing a recombinant bacterial vaccine, and for inserting into a viral vector in constructing a recombinant viral vaccine. Also described is the use of nucleotide sequences related to the gene encoding CD as primers and/or probes in mol. diagnostic assays for the detection of B. catarrhalis.

ANSWER 22 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:189964 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:189964

TITLE:

Methods and compositions relating to useful

antigens of Moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S):

Hansen, Eric J.; Helminen, Merja; Maciver,

Isobel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

University of Texas System, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT			KI		DATE			Al	PPLI	CATIO	ON NO	). 	DATE		
WO	9303					1993	0304		W	o 19	92-U	36869	9	19920	0814	
	W:	AT,	ΑU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	CA,	CH,	CS,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	GB,	HU,	JP,
		KP,	KR,	LK,	LU,	MG,	MN,	MW,	NL,	NO,	PL,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	US
	RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	SE,
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	SN,	TD,	TG		
US	5552	146		A		1996	0903		U	S 19	91-74	15592	L	19910	0815	
ΑU	9224	878		A.	L	1993	0316		Αl	U 19	92-24	1878		19920	0814	
ΑU	6663	29		Βź	2	1996	0208									
EΡ	6122	50		A.	L	1994	0831		E	P 19	92-93	18273	3	19920	0814	
ĒΡ	6122	50		В:	L	1996	0724									
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE
JР	0750	1210	•	T	2	1995	0209		J	P 19	92-50	04481	L	19920	0814	
ΑT	0750 1406	27		E		1996	0815		A'	г 19	92-93	18273	3	19920	0814	
ES	2092	696		T.	3	1996	1201		E:	S 19	92-93	18273	3	19920	0814	
US	5993	826		Α		1999	1130		U:	S 19	93-25	5363		19930		
	9400													19940	0214	
	9400										94-68			19940		
US	5759	813		Α		1998	0602		U	S 19	94-19	93150	)	19940	919	
	5599															
US	5981	213		Α		1999	1109		U.	S 19	95-45	50351	L	19950		
	2000													20000	0509	
ORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					US 19	991-	74559	91	A2	19910	0815	
									WO 19	992-	US686	69	Α	19920	0814	
														19930		
SO.	lacta.	d and	tian	oic r	rot	aine	oht	ai na	d fr	om t	he o	iter	mem	hrane	- O	F M

Selected antigenic proteins obtained from the outer membranes of M. AB catarrhalis are disclosed. These outer membrane proteins (OMPs) have mol. wts. of approx. 30 kDa, 80 kDa, and 200-700 kDa, resp. Studies demonstrated that monoclonal antibodies (MAbs) directed against these proteins confer a protective effect against infection by M. catarrhalis in animal models, demonstrating the potential usefulness of such antibodies in conferring passive immunity as well as the potential use of the OMPs (or variants thereof) in the prepn. of vaccines. DNA segments encoding the OMPs, methods for prepg. the antigens, and diagnostic methods are also disclosed. OMP isolation, anti-OMP MAb prodn., and cloning of genes for the OMPs are described.

(FILE MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIDS, CONFSCI, SCISEARCH, TICST-EPLUS, JAPIO' ENTERED AT 11:06:32 ON 06 SEP 2002) 36 S L4

145 In6

14 DUP REM L5 (22 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWER 1 OF 14 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT WPIDS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-352536 [38]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2002-100176

TITLE: New Streptococcus protein for the treatment or

prevention of infection or disease caused by

Streptococcus bacteria, such as meningitis, and for

detecting a compound that binds to the protein.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 C06 D16

INVENTOR(S): FRASER, C; GRANDI, G; MARGARIT Y ROS, I; MASIGNANI,

V; TELFORD, J; TETTELIN, H

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (CHIR-N) CHIRON SPA; (GENO-N) INST GENOMIC RES

COUNTRY COUNT: 98

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG

WO 2002034771 A2 20020502 (200238) \* EN

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA

UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

### APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE
-----WO 2002034771 A2 WO 2001-GB4789 20011029

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 2001-5640 20010307; GB 2000-26333 20001027; GB 2000-28727 20001124

AN 2002-352536 [38] WPIDS

AB WO 200234771 A UPAB: 20020618

NOVELTY - A protein (I) from group B streptococcus (Streptococcus agalactiae) or group A streptococcus (Streptococcus pyogenes), comprising one of 5483 sequences (S1), given in the specification, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) a protein having 50 % or greater sequence identity to (I);
- (2) a protein comprising a fragment of 7 or more consecutive amino acids from (S1);
  - (3) an antibody which binds (I);
  - (4) a nucleic acid encoding (I);
- (5) a nucleic acid comprising one of 1057 sequences (S2), given in the specification;
- (6) a nucleic acid comprising a fragment of 10 or more consecutive nucleotides from one of 6540 sequences (S3), given in the specification, which includes the sequences of (S2);
- (7) a nucleic acid comprising a sequence complementary to one of (4) (6);
- (8) a nucleic acid comprising a sequence having 50 % or greater sequence identity to one of (4) (7);
- (9) a nucleic acid that can hybridize to (4) (8), under high stringency conditions;
  - (10) a composition comprising (I), or one of (1) (9);
- (11) the use of (10) in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of prevention of infection or disease caused by streptococcus bacteria, particularly S. agalactiae and S. pyrogenes;
  - (12) treating a patient comprising administering (10);
  - (13) a hybrid protein of formula (F);
- (14) a kit comprising primers for amplifying a template sequence contained within a Streptococcus nucleic acid sequence,

where the kit comprises one primer complementary to the template sequence and a second primer complementary to a complement of the template sequence, and the parts of the primers which have complementarity define the termini of the template sequence to be amplified;

- (15) a kit comprising two single-stranded oligonucleotides which allow amplification of a Streptococcus template nucleic acid contained in a single- or double-stranded nucleic acid (or mixture of it) where:
- (a) one oligonucleotide comprises a primer sequence complementary to the template nucleic acid sequence;
- (b) the second oligonucleotide comprises a primer sequence complementary to the complement of the template nucleic acid sequence;
- (c) either or both oligonucleotides comprise a sequence(s) not complementary to the template nucleic acid sequence; and
- (d) the primer sequences define the termini of the template sequence to be amplified;
- (16) a computer readable medium containing one of 12024 sequences (S4), given in the specification;
- (17) detecting Streptococcus in a biological sample comprising contacting (4) (9) with the sample under hybridizing conditions;
- (18) determining whether a compound binds to (I), (1), or (2), comprising contacting a test compound with the protein and determining binding;
  - (19) a compound identified by (18);
  - (20) a composition comprising (1), (1), or (2) and one of:
- (i) a protein antigen from Helicobacter pylori and/or Neisseria meningitidis serogroup B;
- (ii) an outer-membrane vesicle (OMV) preparation from N. meningitidis serogroup B;
- (iii) a saccharide antigen from N. meningitidis serogroup A, C, W135 and/or Y, or Streptococcus pneumoniae;
- (iv) an antigen from hepatitis A, B, or C virus, and/or Bordetella pertussis;
  - (v) a diphtheria and/or tetanus antigen;
  - (vi) a saccharide antigen from Haemophilus influenzae B;
- (vii) an antigen from N. gonorrhoeae, Chlamydia pneumoniae, C. trachomatis, and/or Porphyromonas gingivalis;
  - (viii) a polio and/or rabies antigen(s);
  - (ix) measles, mumps, and/or rubella antigens;
  - (x) an influenza antigen(s);
  - (xi) an antigen from Moraxella catarrhalis; and/or
  - (xii) an antigen from Staphlococcus aureus; and
- (21) a composition comprising two or more proteins of (1), (1), or (2).
- NH2-A-(-X-L-)n-B-COOH (F X = (I);
  - L = an optional linker amino acid sequence;
    - A = an optional N-terminal amino acid sequence;
    - B = an optional C-terminal amino acid sequence; and
    - n = an integer greater than 1.
- ACTIVITY Antibacterial; antiinflammatory. No suitable biological data is given.
  - MECHANISM OF ACTION Gene therapy; vaccine.
- USE (I), nucleic acids encoding (I), and antibodies that bind (I) are used in the manufacture of medicaments for the treatment of prevention or infection or disease caused by Streptococcus bacteria,  $\frac{1}{2}$

particularly S. agalactiae and S. pyrogenes. Nucleic acid encoding (I) is used to detect Streptococcus in a biological sample. (I) is used to determine whether a compound binds to (I). A composition comprising (I) or a nucleic acid encoding (I), may be used as a vaccine or diagnostic composition (all claimed). The disease caused by Streptococcus that is prevented or treated may be meningitis. Nucleic acid encoding (I) may be used to recombinantly produce (I). Antibodies to (I) are used for affinity chromatography, immunoassays, and distinguishing/identifying Streptococcus proteins. Dwg.0/319

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 14 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001-159874 [16] WPIDS

DOC. NO. NON-CPI:

1001 133074 [10] WIID.

DOC. NO. NON-CP

N2001-116484

DOC. NO.

C2001-047626

TITLE:

New BASB122 and BASB124 polypeptides and

polynucleotides from Moraxella catarrhalis strain

ATCC 43617, useful as therapeutic agents or

vaccines against bacterial infections, e.g. otitis

media or pneumonia.

DERWENT CLASS:

B04 D16 S03

INVENTOR(S):

THONNARD, J

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(SMIK) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM BIOLOGICALS

COUNTRY COUNT:

95

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT N	O KIN	D DATE	WEEK	LA	PG

WO 2001009337 A2 20010208 (200116) \* EN 75

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE

DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG
KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ
PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN

YU ZA ZW

AU 2000065683 A 20010219 (200129)

EP 1204749 A2 20020515 (200239) EN

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO K	IND	APPI	LICATION	DATE
WO 2001009337 AU 2000065683 EP 1204749		AU 2 EP 2	2000-65683 2000-953120	20000731 20000731 20000731 20000731

### FILING DETAILS:

PA:	rent no k	IND			PAT	TENT NO
AU	2000065683	A	Based	on	WO	200109337
ΕP	1204749	A2	Based	on	WO	200109337

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 1999-18036 19990730; GB 1999-18034

### 19990730

AN 2001-159874 [16] WPIDS

AΒ

WO 200109337 A UPAB: 20010323

NOVELTY - New isolated polypeptides, comprising either of two 111 amino acid (I) or two 328 amino acid (II) sequences from Moraxella catarrhalis, all fully defined in the specification, or an at least 85 % identical sequence over their entire length, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) an isolated polynucleotide encoding the novel polypeptide, comprising:
  - (a) a sequence encoding the novel polypeptide;
- (b) a sequence having at least 85 % identity to (a) over its entire length;
- (c) a 336 (III) or 987 (IV) base pair sequence, both fully defined in the specification;
- (d) a sequence at least 85~% identical to (III) or (IV) over their entire length;
  - (e) the complements of (a)-(d); or
- (f) a sequence encoding (I) or (II) obtained by screening a library, under stringent conditions, with a labeled probe having (III), (IV), or fragments of them;
- (2) a statement vector or a recombinant live microorganism, comprising the polynucleotide of (1);
- (3) a host cell comprising the vector of (2), or a subcellular fraction or membrane of the host cell expressing the novel polypeptide;
- (4) a process for producing the novel polypeptide, comprising culturing the host cell of (3) under expression conditions, and recovering the polypeptide;
- (5) a process for expressing the polynucleotide of (1), comprising transforming a host cell with the vector of (2), and culturing the cell for expression of the polynucleotide;
- (6) a vaccine composition comprising the novel polypeptide or the polynucleotide of (1), and a carrier;
- (7) an antibody immunospecific for the novel polypeptide or its immunological fragment;
- (8) a method for diagnosing a M. catarrhalis infection, comprising identifying the novel polypeptide or the antibody of (7) present within a biological sample; and
- (9) a therapeutic composition comprising at least one antibody against the novel polypeptide.

ACTIVITY - Antibacterial; antiinflammatory; auditory.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vaccine; gene therapy.

No biological data is given.

USE - The composition comprising an immunologic amount of the polypeptide or polynucleotide is useful for preparing a medicament for generating an immune response in an animal. The therapeutic composition is useful in treating humans with M. catarrhalis infection. (All claimed). The polypeptides may also be used as prophylactic agents of bacterial infections, particularly M. catarrhalis infections in mammals, especially humans. The polynucleotides are useful in therapy or prophylaxis, particularly genetic immunization against these infections or diseases. These diseases include otitis media in infants or children, pneumonia in elderlies, sinusitis, nosocomial infections and invasive diseases, chronic otitis media with hearing loss, fluid accumulation in the middle ear, infection of the upper respiratory tract, or

inflammation of the middle ear. The polypeptides or polynucleotides may also be employed as research reagents and materials for discovering treatments of and diagnostics for diseases, particularly human diseases. In particular, the polypeptides or polynucleotides are useful in the discovery and development of antibacterial compounds, or for diagnosing diseases, staging of the disease, determining the response of an infectious organism to drugs. Dwg.0/0

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 14 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001-159871 [16] WPIDS

DOC. NO. NON-CPI:
DOC. NO. CPI:

N2001-116481

TITLE:

C2001-047623

New BASB118 polypeptides and polynucleotides from Moraxella catarrhalis strain American Type Culture Collection 43617, for use as therapeutic agents or vaccines against bacterial infections, e.g. otitis

media or pneumonia.

DERWENT CLASS:

B04 D16 S03

INVENTOR(S):

THONNARD, J

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(SMIK) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM BIOLOGICALS

COUNTRY COUNT: 95

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG

WO 2001009334 A1 20010208 (200116) \* EN 77

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC

MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN

YU ZA ZW

AU 2000068330 A 20010219 (200129)

EP 1206548 A1 20020522 (200241) EN

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

WO 2001009334 A1       WO 2000-EP7360       20000731         AU 2000068330 A       AU 2000-68330       20000731         EP 1206548 A1       EP 2000-956353       20000731         WO 2000-EP7360       20000731		
	AU 2000068330 A AU 2000-68330 20000 EP 1206548 A1 EP 2000-956353 20000	731

### FILING DETAILS:

PA	TENT NO K	IND			PAT	ENT	NO
ΑU	2000068330	Α	Based	on	WO	2001	.09334
EΡ	1206548	A1	Based	on	WO	2001	.09334

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 1999-18208 19990803

AN 2001-159871 [16] WPIDS

AB WO 200109334 A UPAB: 20010323

- NOVELTY An isolated polypeptide comprising:
- (a) a sequence of 386 amino acids (I) from Moraxella catarrhalis, given in the specification; or
- (b) an amino acid sequence, which has 85% identity to (I), over the entire length of (I), is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) an immunogenic fragment of the new polypeptide, in which the immunogenic activity of the fragment is the same as (I);
- (2) isolated polynucleotides, which encode the new polypeptide, comprising:
  - (i) a nucleotide sequence encoding (a) or (b);
- (ii) a nucleotide sequence that has 85% identity to the nucleotide sequence encoding (I) over the entire coding region;
- (iii) a 1161 base pair (bp) DNA sequence (II), given in the specification;
- (iv) a nucleotide sequence that has 85% identity to (II) over the entire length of (II);
  - (v) the complements of (i)-(iv); or
- (vi) a nucleotide sequence encoding (I) obtainable by screening an appropriate library, under stringent conditions, with a labeled probe having (II) or its fragments;
- (3) an expression vector or a recombinant live microorganism comprising an isolated polynucleotide of (2);
- (4) a host cell comprising the expression vector of (3), or a subcellular fraction or membrane of the host cell expressing the new polypeptide;
- (5) producing the new polypeptide comprising culturing (4) to produce the new polypeptide and recovering it from the culture medium;
- (6) expressing a polynucleotide of (2) comprising transforming a host cell with the expression vector of (3) and culturing the host cell for expression of any of the polynucleotides;
- (7) vaccine compositions comprising the new polypeptide or polynucleotide of (2), and a pharmaceutical carrier;
- (8) an antibody immunospecific for the new polypeptide or immunological fragment;
- (9) diagnosing a M. catarrhalis infection comprising identifying the new polypeptide or the antibody of (8) present within a biological sample from an animal suspected of having such an infection; and
  - (10) a therapeutic composition comprising an antibody of (8). ACTIVITY Antibacterial; antiinflammatory; pulmonary.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vaccine; gene therapy. Groups of mice were immunized either with the polypeptide (BASB118) adsorbed onto AlPO4 (10 micro g BASB118 onto 100 micro g of AlPO4), with a killed whole cell (kwc) preparation of M. catarrhalis strain American type Culture Collection (ATCC) 43617 adsorbed onto AlPO4, or with 100 micro g AlPO4 without antigen. The mice were challenged with 5 multiply 105 colony forming units (CFU) of live M. catarrhalis strain ATCC 43617 bacteria. The log10 weighted mean number of CFU/lung and the standard deviation 4 hours after challenge was calculated for each group. Sham immunized mice had 5.66 (+/-0.18) log10 CFU/lungs 4 hours after challenge. The kwc preparation induced significant lung clearance as compared to the control group (1.3 log difference). BASB118 vaccine induced a 0.43 log difference in lung clearance, which was significantly different from the control.

USE - A composition comprising an immunologic amount of the new

polypeptide or polynucleotide encoding it, is useful for preparing a medicament for generating an immune response in an animal. The therapeutic composition is useful in treating humans with M. catarrhalis infection (all claimed). The polypeptide may also be used as a prophylactic agent of bacterial infections, particularly M. catarrhalis infections in mammals, especially humans. The polynucleotides are useful in therapy or prophylaxis, particularly genetic immunization against these infections or diseases. These diseases include otitis media in infants or children, pneumonia in elderlies, sinusitis, nosocomial infections and invasive diseases, chronic otitis media with hearing loss, fluid accumulation in the middle ear, infection of the upper respiratory tract, or inflammation of the middle ear. The polypeptides or polynucleotides may also be employed as research reagents and materials for discovering treatments of and diagnostics for diseases, particularly human diseases. In particular, the new polypeptide or polynucleotides are useful in the discovery and development of antibacterial compounds, or for diagnosing diseases, staging diseases, and determining the response of an infectious organism to drugs. Dwg.0/1

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 14 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-159870 [16] WPIDS

DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2001-116480 DOC. NO. CPI: C2001-047622

TITLE: New BASB123 polypeptides and polynucleotides from Moravella catarrhalis strain American type Culture

Moraxella catarrhalis strain American type Culture Collection 43617, for use as therapeutic agents or vaccines against bacterial infections, e.g. otitis

media or pneumonia.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16 S03 INVENTOR(S): THONNARD, J

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (SMIK) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM BIOLOGICALS

COUNTRY COUNT: 95

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG

WO 2001009333 A2 20010208 (200116) \* EN 79

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN

YU ZA ZW

AU 2000069880 A 20010219 (200129) EP 1216301 A2 20020626 (200249) EN

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI

### APPLICATION DETAILS:

	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2001009333	3 A2	WO 2000-EP7296 AU 2000-69880	20000727

EP 1216301 A2

20000727 EP 2000-958311 WO 2000-EP7296 20000727

### FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO AU 2000069880 A Based on WO 200109333 WO 200109333 EP 1216301 A2 Based on

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 1999-17975 19990730

2001-159870 [16] WPIDS AN AB

WO 200109333 A UPAB: 20010323

NOVELTY - An isolated polypeptide comprising:

- (a) a sequence comprising one of two 167 amino acid sequences (designated I and II) from Moraxella catarrhalis, given in the specification; or
- (b) an amino acid sequence, which has 85% identity to (I) or (II), over the entire length of (I) or (II), respectively, is new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:
- (1) an immunogenic fragment of the new polypeptide, in which the immunogenic activity of the fragment is the same as (I) or (II);
- (2) isolated polynucleotides, which encode the new polypeptide, comprising:
  - (i) a nucleotide sequence encoding (a) or (b);
- (ii) a nucleotide sequence that has 85% identity to the nucleotide sequence encoding (I) or (II) over the entire coding region;
- (iii) a 504 base pair (bp) (III) or 501 bp (IV) DNA sequence, given in the specification;
- (iv) a nucleotide sequence that has 85% identity to (III) or (IV) over the entire length of (III) or (IV), respectively;
  - (v) the complements of (i)-(iv); or
- (vi) a nucleotide sequence encoding (I) or (II) obtainable by screening an appropriate library, under stringent conditions, with a labeled probe having (III), (IV), or fragments of (III) or (IV);
- (3) an expression vector or a recombinant live microorganism comprising a polynucleotide of (2);
- (4) a host cell comprising the expression vector of (3), or a subcellular fraction or membrane of the host cell expressing the new polypeptide;
- (5) producing the new polypeptide comprising culturing (4) t produce the polypeptide and recovering it from the culture medium;
- (6) expressing a polynucleotide of (2) comprising transforming a host cell with the expression vector of (3) and culturing the host cell for expression of any of the polynucleotides;
- (7) vaccine compositions comprising the new polypeptide or polynucleotide of (2), and a pharmaceutical carrier;
- (8) an antibody immunospecific for the new polypeptide or an immunological fragment;
- (9) diagnosing a M. catarrhalis infection comprising identifying the new polypeptide or the antibody of (8) present within a biological sample from an animal suspected of having such an infection; and
  - (10) a therapeutic composition comprising an antibody of (8). ACTIVITY - Antibacterial. MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vaccine; gene therapy. Clinical details

are described but no results are given.

USE - A composition comprising an immunologic amount of the new polypeptide or polynucleotide encoding it, is useful for preparing a medicament for generating an immune response in an animal. The therapeutic composition is useful in treating humans with M. catarrhalis infection (all claimed). The polypeptides may also be used as prophylactic agents of bacterial infections, particularly M. catarrhalis infections in mammals, especially humans. The polynucleotides are useful in therapy or prophylaxis, particularly genetic immunization against these infections or diseases. These diseases include otitis media in infants or children, pneumonia in elderlies, sinusitis, nosocomial infections and invasive diseases, chronic otitis media with hearing loss, fluid accumulation in the middle ear, infection of the upper respiratory tract, or inflammation of the middle ear. The polypeptide or polynucleotides may also be employed as research reagents and materials for discovering treatments of and diagnostics for diseases, particularly human diseases. In particular, the polypeptide or polynucleotides are useful in the discovery and development of antibacterial compounds, or for diagnosing diseases, staging of diseases, and determining the response of an infectious organism to drugs. Dwg.0/2

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 14 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-168707 [17] WPIDS

DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2001-121639 DOC. NO. CPI: C2001-050432

TITLE: New BASB125 polypeptide isolated from Moraxella

catarrhalis for treating, preventing and diagnosing diseases associated with M. catarrhalis infection

in mammals, e.g. otitis media in humans.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16 S03 INVENTOR(S): THONNARD, J

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (SMIK) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM BIOLOGICALS

COUNTRY COUNT: 95

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG

WO 2001009331 A2 20010208 (200117) \* EN 73

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2000064393 A 20010219 (200129) EP 1212424 A2 20020612 (200239)

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI

EN

### APPLICATION DETAILS:

THE NAME OF THE	IND		PLICATION	DATE
WO 2001009331 AU 2000064393	A2	WO		20000727

EP 1212424 A2

EP 2000-951466 20000727 WO 2000-EP7291 20000727

### FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO F	CIND	PATENT NO
AU 2000064393	B A Based on	WO 200109331
EP 1212424	A2 Based on	WO 200109331

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 1999-18041 19990730

AN 2001-168707 [17] WPIDS

AB WO 200109331 A UPAB: 20010328

NOVELTY - An isolated polypeptide having at least 85 % identity to a sequence (I) of 134 amino acids for a Moraxella catarrhalis BASB125 polypeptide, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) an isolated polypeptide of sequence (I);
- (2) immunogenic fragments of the polypeptide having the same immunogenic activity as sequence (I);
  - (3) an isolated polynucleotide:
- (i) having 85 % identity to a polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide, especially 85 % identity to sequence (II) of 405 base pairs (bp) encoding sequence (I);
  - (ii) complementary to a polynucleotide of (i);
  - (iii) encoding the new polypeptide; and
- (iv) encoding sequence (I) and obtained by screening a library under stringent conditions using sequence (II) or a fragment as a probe;
- (4) vectors or recombinant live microorganisms comprising the polynucleotide;
- (5) host cells comprising the vector and subcellular fragments/membranes of the host cells expressing the polypeptide;
- (6) producing the new polypeptide comprising culturing the host cell of (5) to produce the polypeptide and recovering the polypeptide from the culture medium;
- (7) expressing (3) comprising transforming a host cell with an expression vector of (4) and culturing the host cell to express the polynucleotide;
  - (8) vaccine compositions comprising the new polypeptide or (3);
- (9) antibodies specific for the new polypeptide, or immunological fragments of (2);
- (10) diagnosing a M. catarrhalis infection comprising identifying the new polypeptide or an antibody immunospecific for the polypeptide, present within a biological sample from an animal suspected of having the infection;
- (11) preparing a medicament for generating an immune response in an animal using a composition comprising the new polypeptide or (3); and
- (12) a therapeutic composition for treating humans with M.catarrhalis disease comprising an antibody against the new polypeptide.

ACTIVITY - Antibacterial. A sequence (II) of 405 base pairs (bp) was isolated from M. catarrhalis strain American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) 43617 by standard molecular biological techniques a sequence (I) of 134 amino acids deduced. Mice were immunized with a BASB125 vaccine or a killed whole cell (kwc) M. catarrhalis

preparation, or were sham immunized. After a booster, mice were challenged by instillation of bacterial suspension into the nostril under anaesthesia. Mice were killed 30 minutes-24 hours after challenge and lungs removed aseptically and homogenized. Homogenates were diluted and plated onto agar plates, and log10 weighted mean number of colony forming units/lung determined by counting. BASB125 vaccine and kwc preparations induced significant lung clearance of M. catarrhalis versus controls. No experimental data is given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vaccine; gene therapy.

USE - The polypeptide, immunogenic fragments of the polypeptide, fusion proteins of the polypeptide, or polynucleotides encoding the polypeptide are used in vaccine compositions (claimed), optionally with another M. catarrhalis antigen (claimed). They

can also be included in medicaments for use in generating an immune response in an animal (claimed). The vaccines and medicaments are useful in preventing and/or treating microbial diseases, especially diseases associated with M. catarrhalis infection in mammals (especially humans). The polypeptides/polynucleotides may be used to produce antibodies, which can be used in compositions useful therapeutically to treat humans with M. catarrhalis diseases (claimed). M. catarrhalis is a Gram-negative bacteria frequently isolated from the human upper respiratory tract and responsible for several pathologies in humans e.g. otitis media in children, pneumonia, sinusitis etc. The polypeptides, polynucleotides and antibodies are also useful diagnostically e.g. in the detection of the polypeptides/antibodies in a biological sample from an animal to diagnose M. catarrhalis infection (claimed). The diagnostic assays are useful e.g. to detect diseases, determine the stage and type of infection, determine the effect of drugs etc. The polypeptides and polynucleotides can also be used to detect antagonists and agonists useful e.g. in preventing, inhibiting and/or treating disease. The polynucleotides are also useful in producing hybridization probes to isolate sequences encoding BASB125 and similar sequences. Dwg.0/0

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 14 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001371311 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21246653 PubMed ID: 11349016

TITLE: Conservation of outer membrane protein E among

strains of Moraxella catarrhalis.

AUTHOR: Murphy T F; Brauer A L; Yuskiw N; McNamara E R;

Kirkham C

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Infectious Diseases, Department of

Medicine, State University of New York at Buffalo,

14215, USA.. murphyt@acsu.buffalo.edu

CONTRACT NUMBER: AI28304 (NIAID)

SOURCE: INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, (2001 Jun) 69 (6) 3576-80.

Journal code: 0246127. ISSN: 0019-9567.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200106

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010702

Last Updated on STN: 20010702 Entered Medline: 20010628

AB Outer membrane protein E (OMP E) is a 50-kDa protein of Moraxella

catarrhalis which has several features that suggest that the protein may be an effective vaccine antigen. To assess the conservation of OMP E among strains of M. catarrhalis, 22 isolates were studied with eight monoclonal antibodies which recognize epitopes on different regions of the protein. Eighteen of 22 strains were reactive with all eight antibodies. The sequences of ompE from 16 strains of M. catarrhalis were determined, including the 4 strains which were nonreactive with selected monoclonal antibodies. Analysis of sequences indicate a high degree of conservation among strains, with sequence differences clustered in limited regions of the gene. To assess the stability of ompE during colonization of the human respiratory tract, the sequences of ompE of isolates collected from patients colonized with the same strain for 3 to 9 months were determined. The sequences remained unchanged. These results indicate that OMP E is highly conserved among strains of M. catarrhalis, and preliminary studies indicate that the gene which encodes OMP E remains stable during colonization of the human respiratory tract.

ANSWER 7 OF 14 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT L6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-271440 [23] WPIDS

N2000-203227 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: DOC. NO. CPI: C2000-082932

Novel BASB034 polynucleotides and polypeptides from TITLE:

Moraxella catarrhalis used to prepare vaccines

against bacterial infections.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16 S03 RUELLE, J INVENTOR(S):

(SMIK) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM BIOLOGICALS PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

COUNTRY COUNT: 90

PATENT INFORMATION:

#### PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA\_\_\_\_\_\_

WO 2000015802 A1 20000323 (200023)\* EN 106

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW

W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM

EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD

SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 9958632 A 20000403 (200034) NO 2001001263 A 20010430 (200134) BR 9914492 A 20010626 (200140) EP 1114160 A1 20010711 (200140)

EN

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK

NL PT RO SE SI

CZ 2001000927 A3 20010815 (200157)

KR 2001085794 A 20010907 (200218) HU 2001003945 A2 20020228 (200223)

A 20011212 (200225) CN 1326509

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

11112111 110 111	IND		PLICATION	DATE
WO 2000015802 AU 9958632		WO	1999-EP6781	19990914 19990914

Shears 308-4994 Searcher :

NO	2001001263	A	WO	1999-EP6781	19990914
			NO	2001-1263	20010313
BR	9914492	A	BR	1999-14492	19990914
			WO	1999-EP6781	19990914
EΡ	1114160	A1	ΕP	1999-946171	19990914
			WO	1999-EP6781	19990914
CZ	2001000927	A3	WO	1999-EP6781	19990914
			CZ	2001-927	19990914
KR	2001085794	A	KR	2001~703287	20010314
HU	2001003945	A2	WO	1999-EP6781	19990914
			HU	2001-3945	19990914
CN	1326509	A	CN	1999-813243	19990914

### FILING DETAILS:

PAT	TENT NO	KIND			PAT	TENT NO
AU	9958632	A	Based	on	WO	200015802
BR	9914492	Α	Based	on	WO	200015802
EΡ	1114160	A1	Based	on	WO	200015802
CZ	200100092	27 A3	Based	on	WO	200015802
HU	200100394	5 A2	Based	on	WO	200015802

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 1998-20002 19980914

AN 2000-271440 [23] WPIDS

AB WO 200015802 A UPAB: 20000516

NOVELTY - Isolated BASB034 polypeptides from Moraxella catarrhalis are new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An isolated BASB034 polypeptide (I) is new, and comprises an amino acid sequence which has at least 85% or 95% identity to, or is, one of the four fully defined 442 amino acid sequences given in the specification ((Ia)-(Id)).

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) an immunogenic fragment of (I) in which the immunogenic activity is substantially the same as (Ia)-(Id);
- (2) an isolated polynucleotide encoding (I), or a complementary nucleotide:
- (3) an isolated polynucleotide which has at least 85% identity to a nucleotide encoding (I), or a complementary nucleotide;
- (4) an isolated polynucleotide (II) which comprises a sequence which has at least 85% or 95% identity to over the entire length of, or is, one of the four fully defined 1329 base pair (bp) sequences given in the specification, or its complement;
- (5) an isolated polynucleotide encoding (Ia)-(Id), obtainable by screening an appropriate library under stringent hybridization conditions with a labeled probe having the sequence of (II), or its fragment;
- (6) an expression vector or recombinant live microorganism comprising (II), or the polynucleotides of (2), (3), and (5);
- (7) a host cell comprising the expression vector of (6), or a subcellular fraction of that cell expressing (I);
- (8) producing (I), comprising culturing the host cell of (7) under conditions sufficient for the production of the polypeptide, and recovering the polypeptide from the culture medium;
- (9) expressing (II) or the polynucleotides of (2), (3) or (5), comprising transforming a host cell with a vector comprising at least one of these polynucleotides, and culturing the cell under conditions sufficient for expression of the polynucleotide;

- (10) a vaccine composition comprising an effective amount of
- (I), (II) or the polynucleotides of (2), (3) or (5);;
- (11) an antibody immunospecific for (I), or the fragment of (1);
- (12) diagnosing a Moraxella infection, comprising identifying (I), or an antibody that is immunospecific for (I), present within a biological sample from an animal suspected of having such an infection;
- (13) use of a composition comprising an immunologically effective amount of (I) or (II) or the polynucleotides of (2), (3) or (5) in the preparation of a medicament for use in generating an immune response in an animal; and
- (14) a therapeutic composition useful in treating humans with M. catarrhalis, comprising at least one antibody directed against (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

ACTIVITY - None given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - The polynucleotides and polypeptides may be employed as research reagents and material for the discovery of treatments and diagnostics for diseases, particularly human diseases. They are particularly used to diagnose and treat M. catarrhalis infections (claimed). They can be used for diagnosis of disease, staging of disease, or determining response of an infectious organism to drugs. The polynucleotides may be used as a source for hybridization probes, and for screening of genetic mutations, serotype, organism or strain identification, identification of mutations in BASB034 sequences, and as components of arrays which are useful for diagnostic and prognostic purposes. The polypeptides can be used to produce antibodies. The polypeptides can also be used in vaccine formulations, and to identify agonists and antagonists. The polypeptides, antibodies, agonists and antagonists (which are bacteriostatic) are used for the treatment and prevention of diseases such as otitis media in infants and children, pneumonia in elderlies, sinusitis, nosocomial infections and invasive diseases, and chronic otitis media with hearing loss. The polypeptides, agonists and antagonists are also used for screening of antibacterial drugs.

ADVANTAGE - The frequency of Moraxella catarrhalis infections has risen dramatically, and it is no longer common to isolate M. catarrhalis strains that are resistant to standard antibiotics. The BASB034 products of the invention can be used screen for new antibacterial compounds that may target these resistant bacteria: Dwq.0/6

DUPLICATE 2 ANSWER 8 OF 14 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999386849 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

99386849 PubMed ID: 10456903

TITLE:

Analysis of antigenic structure and human immune

response to outer membrane protein CD of Moraxella

catarrhalis.

AUTHOR:

Murphy T F; Kirkham C; DeNardin E; Sethi S

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Divisions of Infectious Diseases, School of Medicine and Biomedical Sciences, State University of New York

at Buffalo, Buffalo, New York 14215, USA...

murphyt@acsu.buffalo.edu

CONTRACT NUMBER:

AI28304 (NIAID)

SOURCE:

INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, (1999 Sep) 67 (9) 4578-85.

Journal code: 0246127. ISSN: 0019-9567.

308-4994 Searcher : Shears

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199910

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19991014

Last Updated on STN: 19991014

Entered Medline: 19991005

Moraxella catarrhalis is an important cause of otitis media in children and lower respiratory tract infections in adults with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). Outer membrane protein CD (OMP CD) is a 45-kDa protein which is a potential vaccine antigen to prevent infections caused by M. catarrhalis. Eight monoclonal antibodies were used to study the antigenic structure of the OMP CD molecule by assaying recombinant peptides corresponding to the sequence of the protein. This approach identified two surface-exposed epitopes, including one near the amino terminus (amino acids 25 to 44) and one

in the central region of the molecule (amino acids 261 to 331). Assays with serum and sputum supernatants of adults with COPD revealed variable levels of antibodies to OMP CD among individuals. To determine which portions of the OMP CD molecule were recognized by human antibodies, three human serum samples were studied with six recombinant peptides which span the sequence of OMP CD. All three sera contained immunoglobulin G antibodies which recognized exclusively the peptide corresponding to amino acids 203 to 260 by immunoblot assay. Adsorption experiments with whole bacteria established that some of the human antibodies are directed at surface-exposed epitopes on OMP CD. We conclude that OMP CD is a highly conserved molecule which contains at least two separate epitopes which are exposed on the bacterial surface. While individual adults with COPD show variability in the immune response to OMP CD, a specific region of the OMP CD molecule (amino acids 203 to 260) is important as a target of the human immune response.

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 14 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000036213 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

20036213 PubMed ID: 10571435

TITLE:

Antibody response to outer membrane proteins of Moraxella catarrhalis in children with otitis media.

AUTHOR:

Mathers K; Leinonen M; Goldblatt D

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Immunobiology Unit, Institute of Child Health,

London, UK.

SOURCE:

PEDIATRIC INFECTIOUS DISEASE JOURNAL, (1999 Nov) 18

(11) 982-8.

Journal code: 8701858. ISSN: 0891-3668.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

(CLINICAL TRIAL)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199912

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20000113

Last Updated on STN: 20000113

Entered Medline: 19991203

AB BACKGROUND: Moraxella catarrhalis is an important cause of bacterial otitis media, and a vaccine to prevent this disease would be highly desirable. Analysis of the dominant antigens on the surface of M.

catarrhalis recognized by the human immune response to infection might aid in such a search. Such analysis would be most informative when studied in the eventual target age group for the vaccine; thus we have studied the immune response to M. catarrhalis in infants with otitis media. METHODS: Eighteen infants (mean age, 9.4 months) experiencing an episode of otitis media caused by M. catarrhalis were studied. Acute and convalescent antibody responses were studied by whole cell enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (heterologous strain) and by immunoblotting of outer membrane proteins (OMPs). RESULTS: Specific IgG was detected in 17% of acute serum samples and in 61% of convalescent sera. A rise in specific IgG was detected in 10 of 12 (83%) children 8 months of age or older, compared with 1 of 6 (17%) in younger patients (P = 0.0128). Immunoblotting revealed antibody binding to several OMPs with some detectable cross-reactivity. Four dominant OMP targets were identified, corresponding to UspA, TbpB, CopB and a approximately 60-kDa protein. CONCLUSIONS: A combination of antigens might form the most suitable basis for a M. catarrhalis vaccine designed to prevent otitis media in this age group.

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 14 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999115543 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

99115543 PubMed ID: 9916077

TITLE:

Use of an isogenic mutant constructed in Moraxella catarrhalis To identify a protective epitope of outer membrane protein B1 defined by monoclonal antibody

11C6.

AUTHOR:

SOURCE:

Luke N R; Russo T A; Luther N; Campagnari A A Department of Microbiology, State University of New

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Microbiology, S

York at Buffalo, Buffalo, New York 14214, USA. INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, (1999 Feb) 67 (2) 681-7.

Journal code: 0246127. ISSN: 0019-9567.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: OTHER SOURCE: Priority Journals GENBANK-AF105251

ENTRY MONTH:

199903

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19990324

Last Updated on STN: 19990324 Entered Medline: 19990309

AB Moraxella catarrhalis-induced otitis media continues to be a significant cause of infection in young children, prompting increased efforts at identifying effective vaccine antigens. We have previously demonstrated that M. catarrhalis expresses specific outer membrane proteins (OMPs) in response to iron limitation and that this organism can utilize transferrin and lactoferrin for in vitro growth. One of these proteins, which binds human transferrin, is OMP B1. As the human host presents a naturally iron-limited environment, proteins, like OMP B1, which are expressed in response to this nutritional stress are potential vaccine antigens. In this study, we have developed monoclonal antibody (MAb) 11C6, which reacts to a surface-exposed epitope of OMP B1 expressed by M. catarrhalis 7169. This antibody was used to clone ompB1, and sequence analysis suggested that OMP B1 is the M. catarrhalis homologue to the transferrin binding protein B described for pathogenic

Neisseriaceae, Haemophilus influenzae, Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae, and M. catarrhalis. Expression of recombinant OMP B1 on the surface of Escherichia coli confers transferrin binding activity, confirming that this protein is likely involved in iron acquisition. In addition, ompB1 was used to construct an isogenic mutant in M. catarrhalis 7169. This mutant, termed 7169b12, was used as the control in bactericidal assays designed to determine if OMP B1 elicits protective antibodies. In the presence of MAb 11C6 and human complement, wild-type 7169 demonstrated a 99% decline in viability, whereas the ompB1 isogenic mutant was resistant to this bactericidal activity. Further analysis with MAb 11C6 revealed the presence of this OMP B1 epitope on 31% of the clinical isolates tested. These data suggest that OMP B1 is a potential vaccine antigen against M. catarrhalis infections.

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 14 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998380363 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98380363 PubMed ID: 9712766

TITLE: The transferrin binding protein B of

Moraxella catarrhalis elicits

bactericidal antibodies and is a potential

vaccine antigen.

AUTHOR: Myers L E; Yang Y P; Du R P; Wang Q; Harkness R E;

Schryvers A B; Klein M H; Loosmore S M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pasteur Merieux Connaught Canada Research, North

York, Ontario, Canada M2R 3T4.

SOURCE: INFECTION AND IMMUNITY, (1998 Sep) 66 (9) 4183-92.

Journal code: 0246127. ISSN: 0019-9567.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AF039311; GENBANK-AF039312; GENBANK-AF039313;

GENBANK-AF039314; GENBANK-AF039315; GENBANK-AF039316

ENTRY MONTH: 199810

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19981020

Last Updated on STN: 19981020 Entered Medline: 19981002

AB The transferrin binding protein genes (tbpA and tbpB) from two strains of Moraxella catarrhalis have been cloned and sequenced. The genomic organization of the M. catarrhalis transferrin binding protein genes is unique among known bacteria in that tbpA precedes tbpB and there is a third gene located between them. The deduced sequences of the M. catarrhalis TbpA proteins from two strains were 98% identical, while those of the TbpB proteins from the same strains were 63% identical and 70% similar. The third gene, tentatively called orf3, encodes a protein of approximately 58 kDa that is 98% identical between the two strains. The tbpB genes from four additional strains of M. catarrhalis were cloned and sequenced, and two potential families of TbpB proteins were identified based on sequence similarities. Recombinant TbpA (rTbpA), rTbpB, and rORF3 proteins were expressed in Escherichia coli and purified. rTbpB was shown to retain its ability to bind human transferrin after transfer to a membrane, but neither rTbpA nor rORF3 did. Monospecific anti-rTbpA and anti-rTbpB antibodies were generated and used for immunoblot analysis, which demonstrated that epitopes of M. catarrhalis TbpA and TbpB were antigenically conserved and that there was constitutive expression of the tbp genes. In the absence

of an appropriate animal model, anti-rTbpA and anti-rTbpB antibodies were tested for their bactericidal activities. The anti-rTbpA antiserum was not bactericidal, but anti-rTbpB antisera were found to kill heterologous strains within the same family. Thus, if bactericidal ability is clinically relevant, a vaccine comprising multiple rTbpB antigens may protect against M. catarrhalis disease.

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 14 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998114138 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98114138 PubMed ID: 9453393

TITLE: Characterisation of an outer membrane protein of

Moraxella catarrhalis.

AUTHOR: Mathers K E; Goldblatt D; Aebi C; Yu R; Schryvers A

B; Hansen E J

CORPORATE SOURCE: Immunobiology Unit, Institute of Child Health,

London, UK.

CONTRACT NUMBER: AI-36344 (NIAID)

SOURCE: FEMS IMMUNOLOGY AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY, (1997 Nov)

19 (3) 231-6.

Journal code: 9315554. ISSN: 0928-8244.

PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199802

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980224

Last Updated on STN: 19980224 Entered Medline: 19980212

AB To elucidate potential vaccine antigens,

Moraxella catarrhalis outer membrane

proteins (OMPs) were studied. We have previously shown an OMP to be a target for human IgG and have now further characterised this OMP which appears to have a molecular mass of 84 kDa and to be distinct from the 81-kDa OMP, CopB. Human transferrin was shown to bind the 84-kDa OMP alone. N-terminal sequencing of this OMP and purified M. catarrhalis transferrin binding protein B (TbpB) revealed homology both with each other and with the TbpB of Haemophilus influenzae and Neisseria meningitidis. Adsorption of human anti-serum with purified TbpB from two M. catarrhalis strains abolished or reduced binding of IgG to the 84-kDa OMP from three M. catarrhalis isolates. IgG binding to CopB was unaffected. It is clear that the 84-kDa OMP is distinct from CopB and is a likely homologue of TbpB.

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 14 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 7

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97247713 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97247713 PubMed ID: 9093840

MIMIT.

TITLE: The major outer membrane protein, CD, extracted from Moraxella (Branhamella) catarrhalis is a potential vaccine

antigen that induces bactericidal antibodies.

AUTHOR: Yang Y P; Myers L E; McGuinness U; Chong P; Kwok Y;

Klein M H; Harkness R E

CORPORATE SOURCE: Research Center, Pasteur Merieux Connaught Canada,

North York, Ont., Canada.. ypyang@ca.pmc-vacc.com

SOURCE: FEMS IMMUNOLOGY AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY, (1997 Mar)

17 (3) 187-99.

Journal code: 9315554. ISSN: 0928-8244.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199705

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19970609

Last Updated on STN: 19970609

Entered Medline: 19970529

The major outer membrane protein of Moraxella (Branhamella) AB catarrhalis, CD, was detergent-extracted from the bacterial cell wall and purified to homogeneity in high yields by a simple process. The purified protein appeared to exhibit immunogenic properties similar to those of native CD exposed on the surface of the bacterium. Antibodies to CD raised in mice specifically bound to intact B. catarrhalis, as determined by flow cytometry analysis. The IgG subclass distributions of anti-CD antibodies in sera from mice immunized with purified CD or with B. catarrhalis were also similar. CD was found to be antigenically conserved among a panel of B. catarrhalis isolates, as demonstrated by the consistent reactivities of mouse anti-CD antisera with a common 60 kDa protein on immunoblots. Furthermore, convalescent sera collected from patients with otitis media due to B. catarrhalis infection were found to be reactive with the CD protein by immunoblotting. Finally, the purified protein induced antibodies in guinea pigs and mice that exhibited in vitro bactericidal activity against the pathogen. Therefore, the native CD outer membrane protein represents a potentially useful antigen for inclusion in a vaccine against B. catarrhalis.

ANSWER 14 OF 14 MEDLINE **DUPLICATE 8** 

ACCESSION NUMBER:

95050224 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

95050224 PubMed ID: 7961416

TITLE:

Molecular cloning and characterization of outer membrane protein E of Moraxella (Branhamella)

catarrhalis.

AUTHOR:

Bhushan R; Craigie R; Murphy T F

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory of Molecular Biology, National Institute

of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases,

Bethesda, Maryland 20892.

CONTRACT NUMBER:

AI28304 (NIAID)

SOURCE:

JOURNAL OF BACTERIOLOGY, (1994 Nov) 176 (21) 6636-43.

Journal code: 2985120R. ISSN: 0021-9193.

PUB. COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: United States

LANGUAGE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE:

GENBANK-L31788; GENBANK-M37714

ENTRY MONTH:

199411

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19950110

Last Updated on STN: 19950110 Entered Medline: 19941130

AΒ Outer membrane protein E (OMP E) is a 50-kDa protein of Moraxella (Branhamella)

catarrhalis. It is a potential vaccine

antigen because it is expressed on the surface of the

bacterium and has antigenic determinants which are conserved among most strains of M. catarrhalis. To clone the gene encoding OMP E, an EMBL-3 genomic library of strain 25240 was screened with a family of

degenerate oligonucleotides based on the amino-terminal protein sequence. The OMP E gene was identified in one of the six positive clones by Southern blot analysis. An open reading frame of 1,377 bp encoding a protein of 460 amino acids was identified. The calculated molecular mass of the mature protein of 436 amino acid residues was 47.03 kDa, which correlated well with the results of sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. The protein product of the OMP E gene had a leader peptide of 25 amino acids and a signal peptidase 1 cleavage site similar to those of known OMPs of Escherichia coli. The transcription initiation site of the OMP E gene was mapped by primer extension to be 78 nucleotides upstream of the ATG start codon. Borderline homology was found to the FadL protein of E. coli (49.1% similarity and 25.6% identity), which is involved in the binding and transport of fatty acids. Analysis of restriction fragment length polymorphisms of the OMP E genes of 19 different strains of M. catarrhalis showed that the OMP E gene is highly conserved. (ABSTRACT TRUNCATED AT 250 WORDS)

FILE OSPATFORE ENTERED AT 11:07:51 ON 06 SEP 2002

L7 22 S L4

PATENT INFORMATION:

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:217055 USPATFULL

TITLE: Transferrin receptor genes of Moraxella

INVENTOR(S): Myers, Lisa E., Guelph, CANADA

Schryvers, Anthony B., Calgary, CANADA Harkness, Robin E., Willowdale, CANADA Loosmore, Sheena M., Aurora, CANADA Du, Run-Pan, Thornhill, CANADA Yang, Yan-Ping, Willowdale, CANADA

Klein, Michel H., Willowdale, CANADA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Aventis Pasteur Limited, Toronto, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1998-59584 19980414 (9) RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1997-CA163,

filed on 7 Mar 1997 Continuation-in-part of Ser.

No. US 1997-778570, filed on 3 Jan 1997

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-613009,

filed on 8 Mar 1996

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Pak, Michael
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Sim & McBurney

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 13 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 172 Drawing Figure(s); 172 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 5170

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Purified and isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided which encode transferrin receptor proteins of Moraxella, such as M. catarrhalis or a fragment or an analog of the transferrin receptor protein. The nucleic acid sequence may be used to produce recombinant transferrin receptor proteins Tbp1 and Tbp2 of the strain of Moraxella free of other proteins of the Moraxella strain

for purposes of diagnostics and medical treatment. Furthermore, the nucleic acid molecule may be used in the diagnosis of infection.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. INCL INCLM: 435/069.300 INCLS: 435/069.100; 435/069.300; 435/069.700; 435/071.100; 435/071.200; 435/252.100; 435/252.300; 435/325.000; 536/023.100; 536/023.400; 536/023.700 NCL NCLM: 435/069.300 435/069.100; 435/069.300; 435/069.700; 435/071.100; NCLS: 435/071.200; 435/252.100; 435/252.300; 435/325.000; 536/023.100; 536/023.400; 536/023.700 ANSWER 2 OF 22 USPATFULL T.7 2002:216836 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER: TITLE: High molecular weight major outer membrane protein of moraxella Sasaki, Ken, Willowdale, CANADA INVENTOR(S): Harkness, Robin E., Willowdale, CANADA Loosmore, Sheena M., Aurora, CANADA Klein, Michel H., Willowdale, CANADA Aventis Pasteur Limited, Toronto, CANADA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (non-U.S. corporation) KIND DATE NUMBER PATENT INFORMATION: US 6440424 В1 20020827 US 1995-483855 19950607 APPLICATION INFO.: (8) Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-431718, RELATED APPLN. INFO.: filed on 1 May 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 6335018 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED Minnifield, Nita PRIMARY EXAMINER: Sim & McBurney LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 13 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 18 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s) LINE COUNT: 1408 An isolated and purified outer membrane protein of a Moraxella strain, particularly M. catarrhalis, has a molecular mass of about 200 kDa. The about 200 kDa outer membrane protein as well as nucleic acid molecules encoding the same are useful in diagnostic applications and immunogenic compositions, particularly for in vivo administration to a host to confer protection against disease caused by a bacterial pathogen that produces the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein or produces a protein capable of inducing antibodies in a host specifically reactive with the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein.

INCL INCLM: 424/251.100
INCLS: 530/350.000; 530/412.000; 530/413.000; 530/414.000; 530/415.000; 424/190.100; 424/184.100; 424/234.100; 424/251.100; 514/002.000; 514/008.000; 930/200.000

NCL NCLM: 424/251.100
NCLS: 530/350.000; 530/412.000; 530/413.000; 530/414.000; 530/415.000; 424/190.100; 424/184.100; 424/234.100;

424/251.100; 514/002.000; 514/008.000; 930/200.000

ANSWER 3 OF 22 USPATFULL 1.7

2002:133221 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT MAJOR OUTER MEMBRANE TITLE:

PROTEIN OF MORAXELLA

INVENTOR(S): SASAKI, KEN, WILLOWDALE, CANADA

HARKNESS, ROBIN E., WILLOWDALE, CANADA LOOSMORE, SHEENA M., AURORA, CANADA CHONG, PELE, RICHMOND HILL, CANADA KLEIN, MICHEL H., WILLOWDALE, CANADA

KIND NUMBER DATE \_\_\_\_\_\_ PATENT INFORMATION: US 2002068070 A1 20020606 US 6440425 B2 20020827 US 1996-621944 A1 19960326 (8) APPLICATION INFO.:

Utility DOCUMENT TYPE: APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

SIM AND MCBURNEY, SUITE 701, 330 UNIVERSITY LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

AVENUE, TORONTO, M5G1R7

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 37 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 25 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1685

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An isolated and purified outer membrane protein of a Moraxella AB strain, particularly M. catarrhalis, having a molecular mass of about 200 kDa, is provided. The about 200 kDa outer membrane protein as well as nucleic acid molecules encoding the same are useful in diagnostic applications and immunogenic compositions, particularly for in vivo administration to a host to confer protection against disease caused by a bacterial pathogen that produces the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein or produces a protein capable of inducing antibodies in a host specifically reactive with the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCLM: 424/251.100 INCL INCLS: 530/350.000 NCL NCLM: 424/251.100

424/184.100; 424/185.100; 424/190.100; 424/234.100; NCLS:

424/803.000; 530/300.000; 530/324.000; 530/325.000;

530/326.000

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 22 USPATFULL

2002:115794 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Multi-component vaccine to protect against

disease caused by Haemophilus influenzae and

Moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S): Loosmore, Sheena M., Aurora, CANADA

Yang, Yan-Ping, Willowdale, CANADA Klein, Michel H., Willowdale, CANADA

Sasaki, Ken, Willowdale, CANADA Aventis Pasteur Limited, Toronto, CANADA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6391313 B1 20020521

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1999-353617 19990715 (9)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Graser, Jennifer E. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Sim & McBurney

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 22 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 28 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1437

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A multi-valent immunogenic composition confers protection on an AB immunized host against infection caused by both Haemophilus influenzae and Moraxella catarrhalis. Such composition comprises at least four antigens comprising at least one antigen from Haemophilus influenzae, and at least one antigen from Moraxella catarrhalis. Three of the antigens are adhesins. High molecular weight (HMW) proteins and Haemophilus influenzae adhesin (Hia) proteins of non-typeable Haemophilus and a 200 kDa outer membrane protein of Moraxella catarrhalis comprise the adhesin components while the other antigen is a non-proteolytic analog of Hin47 protein. Each component does not impair the immunogenicity of the others. The multi-valent immunogenic composition may be combined with DTP component vaccines, which may also include non-virulent poliovirus and PRP-T, to provide a component vaccine without impairment of the immunogenic properties of the other antigens.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 424/203.100

INCLS: 424/256.100; 424/251.100; 424/234.100; 424/193.100;

424/203.100; 424/197.110; 530/350.000

NCL NCLM: 424/203.100

NCLS: 424/193.100; 424/197.110; 424/234.100; 424/251.100;

424/256.100; 530/350.000

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:931 USPATFULL

TITLE: High molecular weight major outer membrane

protein of moraxella

INVENTOR(S): Sasaki, Ken, Willowdale, CANADA

Harkness, Robin E., Willowdale, CANADA Klein, Michel H., Willowdale, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Aventis Pasteur Limited, Toronto, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Minnifield, Nita LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Sim & McBurney

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 5 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 139

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An isolated and purified outer membrane protein of a Moraxella strain, particularly M. catarrhalis, has a molecular mass of about 200 kDa. The about 200 kDa outer membrane protein as well as nucleic acid molecules encoding the same are useful in diagnostic applications and immunogenic compositions, particularly for in vivo administration to a host to confer protection against disease caused by a bacterial pathogen that produces the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein or produces a protein capable of inducing antibodies in a host specifically reactive with the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 424/251.100

INCLS: 424/190.100; 424/251.100; 424/235.100; 424/184.100; 435/172.300; 530/300.000; 530/806.000; 530/825.000;

530/350.000; 536/023.500

NCL NCLM: 424/251.100

NCLS: 424/184.100; 424/190.100; 424/235.100; 435/471.000;

530/300.000; 530/350.000; 530/806.000; 530/825.000;

536/023.500

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:157808 USPATFULL

TITLE: Transferrin receptor protein of Moraxella

INVENTOR(S): Yang, Yan-Ping, Willowdale, Canada

Myers, Lisa E., Guelph, Canada

Harkness, Robin E., Willowdale, Canada Klein, Michel H., Willowdale, Canada

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Aventis Pasteur Limited, Toronto, Canada

(non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6290970 B1 20010918 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-540753 19951011 (8)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Minnifield, Nita
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Sim & McBurney

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 7 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 12 Drawing Figure(s); 8 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1199

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An isolated and purified non-denatured transferrin receptor protein of a Moraxella strain, particularly M. catarrhalis, has an apparent molecular mass of about 80 to about 90 kDa, as determined by SDS-PAGE. The transferrin receptor protein or a fragment analog thereof is useful in diagnostic applications and immunogenic compositions, particularly for in vivo administration to a host to confer protection against disease caused by a strain of Moraxella.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 424/251.100

INCLS: 530/350.000; 530/412.000; 424/190.100; 424/250.100;

424/184.100; 424/234.100; 514/002.000

NCL NCLM: 424/251.100

NCLS: 424/184.100; 424/190.100; 424/234.100; 424/250.100;

514/002.000; 530/350.000; 530/412.000

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:134223 USPATFULL

TITLE: HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT MAJOR OUTER MEMBRANE

PROTEIN OF MORAXELLA

INVENTOR(S): SASAKI, KEN, WILLOWDALE, Canada

HARKNESS, ROBIN E., WILLOWDALE, Canada LOOSMORE, SHEENA M., AURORA, Canada CHONG, PELE, RICHMOND HILL, Canada KLEIN, MICHEL H., WILLOWDALE, Canada

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE		
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001014672 US 1998-945567 WO 1996-CA264	A1 A1	20010816 19980319 19960429 None PCT	, ,	date

			NUMBER	DATE		
PRIORITY	INFORMATION:	US US	1995-8431718 1995-8478370 1996-8621944	19950501 19950607 19960320		

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SIM & MCBURNEY, 6TH FLOOR, 330 UNIVERSITY AVENUE,

TORONTO ONTARIO

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 37 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 47 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1689

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An isolated and purified outer membrane protein of a Moraxella strain, particularly M. catarrhalis, having a molecular mass of about 200 kDa, is provided. The about 200 kDa outer membrane protein as well as nucleic acid molecules encoding the same are useful in diagnostic applications and immunogenic compositions, particularly for in vivo administration to a host to confer protection against disease caused by a bacterial pathogen that produces the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein or produces a protein capable of inducing antibodies in a host specifically reactive with the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 514/100.000 INCLS: 530/350.000 NCL NCLM: 514/100.000 NCLS: 530/350.000

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:25435 USPATFULL

TITLE: Transferrin receptor protein of moraxella

INVENTOR(S): Yang, Yan-Ping, Willowdale, Canada Myers, Lisa E., Guelph, Canada

Harkness, Robin E., Willowdale, Canada Klein, Michel H., Willowdale, Canada

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Connaught Laboratories Limited, Toronto, Canada

(non-U.S. corporation)

19980730 PCT 371 date 19980730 PCT 102(e) date

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-540753, filed on

11 Oct 1995

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Minnifield, Nita LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Sim & McBurney

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 8 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 5 Drawing Figure(s); 8 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1221

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An isolated and purified non-denatured transferrin receptor protein of a Moraxella strain, particularly M. catarrhalis, has an apparent molecular mass of about 80 to about 90 kDa, as determined by SDS-PAGE. The transferrin receptor protein or a fragment analog thereof is useful in diagnostic applications and immunogenic compositions, particularly for in vivo administration to a host to confer protection against disease caused by a strain of Moraxella. The transferrin receptor protein is isolated from strains of Moraxella catarrhalis by a procedure including extraction of agent soluble proteins of a cell mass produced by cultivating the strain under iron-starved conditions. The transferrin receptor protein is selectively solubilized from the extracted cell mass and purified.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 424/251.100

INCLS: 530/387.100; 530/412.000; 530/417.000; 435/007.100;

435/007.800; 435/070.200

NCL NCLM: 424/251.100

NCLS: 435/007.100; 435/007.800; 435/070.200; 530/387.100;

530/412.000; 530/417.000

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:18617 USPATFULL

TITLE: Lactoferrin receptor genes of Moraxella INVENTOR(S): Loosmore, Sheena M., Aurora, Canada

Du, Run-Pan, Thornhill, Canada Wang, Quijun, Thornhill, Canada Yang, Yan-Ping, Willowdale, Canada Klein, Michel H., Willowdale, Canada

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Connaught Laboratories Limited, Toronto, Canada

(non-U.S. corporation)

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-867941, RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

filed on 3 Jun 1997, now patented, Pat. No. US

5977337

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Graser, Jennifer Sim & McBurney LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

140 Drawing Figure(s); 130 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

1824 LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Purified and isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided which AB encode lactoferrin receptor proteins of Moraxella, such as M. catarrhalis, or a fragment or an analog of the lactoferrin receptor protein. The nucleic acid sequence may be used to produce recombinant lactoferrin receptor proteins Lbp1, Lbp2 and ORF3 of the strain of Moraxella free of other proteins of the Moraxella strain for purposes of diagnostics and medical treatment. Furthermore, the nucleic acid molecule may be used in the

diagnosis of infection.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCLM: 536/023.700 INCL

INCLS: 536/023.100; 536/024.300; 536/024.320; 435/320.100;

435/069.100; 435/069.300; 435/069.700; 435/252.300;

424/200.100; 424/251.100

536/023.700 NCL NCLM:

> 424/200.100; 424/251.100; 435/069.100; 435/069.300; NCLS:

435/069.700; 435/252.300; 435/320.100; 536/023.100;

536/024.300; 536/024.320

ANSWER 10 OF 22 USPATFULL 1.7

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:166603 USPATFULL

TITLE: Outer membrane protein B1 of Moraxella

catarrhalis

Campagnari, Anthony A., Hamburg, NY, United INVENTOR(S):

States

The Research Foundation of the State University PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

of New York, Amherst, NY, United States (U.S.

19960816

(8)

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION: US 6004562 19991221

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1996-698652 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Housel, James C.

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Ryan, V.

Hodgson, Russ, Andrews, Woods & Goodyear, LLP LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 10 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 915

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An isolated and purified outer membrane protein B1, and peptides AΒ formed therefrom, of Moraxella catarrhalis are described. A method

for the isolation and purification of outer membrane protein Bl from a bacterial strain that produces Bl protein, e.g. Moraxella catarrhalis, comprises growing the bacteria in culture in iron-depleted medium to enhance the expression of the Bl protein, harvesting the bacteria from the culture, extracting from the harvested bacteria a preparation substantially comprising an outer membrane protein preparation, contacting the outer membrane preparation with an affinity matrix containing immobilized transferrin wherein Bl protein binds to the transferrin, and eluting the bound Bl protein from the transferrin. Disclosed are the uses of the Bl protein as an immunogen for vaccine formulations, and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 424/251.100

INCLS: 424/184.100; 424/234.100

NCL NCLM: 424/251.100

NCLS: 424/184.100; 424/234.100

L7 ANSWER 11 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:155210 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions relating to useful

antigens of moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S): Hansen, Eric J., Plano, TX, United States

Helminen, Meria E., Helsinki, Finland

Maciver, Isobel, Dallas, TX, United States
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, The University of Texas,

Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5993826 19991130 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1993-25363 19930302 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1992-US6869,

filed on 14 Aug 1992 which is a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-745591, filed on 21 Aug 1991, now patented, Pat. No. US

5552146

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Sidberry, Hazel F.
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold White & Durkee

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 11 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 19 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3037

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present disclosure relates to Moraxella catarrhalis outer membrane vesicle (OMV) compositions, to selected antigenic proteins from the outer membranes of M. catarrhalis which have a variety of useful properties, and to monoclonal antibodies against these proteins. Particular "Outer Membrane Proteins" (OMPs) of the invention are characterized as having molecular weights of about 30 kD, 80 kD (also termed CopB protein) and between about 200 and 700 kD (HMWP antigen). Passive immunization with monoclonal antibodies directed against these proteins confers protection against homologous and heterologous Moraxella catarrhalis strains in animal models, and active immunization with outer membrane

vesicles also enhances pulmonary clearance of distinct M. catarrhalis strains. This demonstrates both the utility of antibodies in conferring passive immunity and the usefulness of OMPs, or variants thereof, in the preparation of vaccines. Also disclosed are DNA segments encoding these OMPs, methods for preparing the antigens, or variants, through the application of recombinant DNA techniques, as well as diagnostic methods and related embodiments.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 424/251.100

INCLS: 424/184.100; 530/350.000; 530/388.100; 530/388.200;

435/069.100; 435/069.300

NCL NCLM: 424/251.100

NCLS: 424/184.100; 435/069.100; 435/069.300; 530/350.000;

530/388.100; 530/388.200

L7 ANSWER 12 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:141620 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions relating to useful

antigens of moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S): Hansen, Eric J., Plano, TX, United States

Helminen, Merja E., Helsinki, Finland

Maciver, Isobel, Dallas, TX, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, The University of Texas System,

Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5981213 19991109 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-450351 19950525 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1993-25363, filed on 2

Mar 1993 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1992-US6869, filed on 14 Aug 1992, now patented, Pat. No. WO 819315, issued on 19 Sep 1994 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No.

US 1991-745591, filed on 21 Aug 1991, now

patented, Pat. No. US 5552146

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Housel, James C.
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Shaver, Jennifer
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold, White & Durkee

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 23 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3099

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present disclosure relates to Moraxella catarrhalis outer membrane vesicle (OMV) compositions, to selected antigenic proteins from the outer membranes of M. catarrhalis which have a variety of useful properties, and to monoclonal antibodies against these proteins. Particular "Outer Membrane Proteins" (OMPs) of the invention are characterized as having molecular weights of about 30 kD, 80 kD (also termed CopB protein) and between about 200 and 700 kD (HMWP antigen). Passive immunization with monoclonal antibodies directed against these proteins confers protection against homologous and heterologous Moraxella catarrhalis strains

in animal models, and active immunization with outer membrane vesicles also enhances pulmonary clearance of distinct M. catarrhalis strains. This demonstrates both the utility of antibodies in conferring passive immunity and the usefulness of OMPs, or variants thereof, in the preparation of vaccines. Also disclosed are DNA segments encoding these OMPs, methods for preparing the antigens, or variants, through the application of recombinant DNA techniques, as well as diagnostic methods and related embodiments.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 435/069.100

INCLS: 435/069.300; 435/252.200; 435/320.100; 536/023.100;

536/023.700; 536/024.320; 424/234.100; 424/251.100

NCL NCLM: 435/069.100

NCLS: 424/234.100; 424/251.100; 435/069.300; 435/252.200; 435/320.100; 536/023.100; 536/023.700; 536/024.320

L7 ANSWER 13 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:132546 USPATFULL

TITLE: Gene encoding outer membrane protein B1 of

moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S): Murphy, Timothy F., Amherst, NY, United States

Sethi, Sanjay, Williamsville, NY, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Research Foundation of State University of

New York, Amherst, NY, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5972657 19991026 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1997-949941 19971014 (8)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Caputa, Anthony C. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Navarro, Mark

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Hodgson, Russ, Andrews, Woods & Goodyear, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 18
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 1308

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Nucleotide sequences, derived from Moraxella catarrhalis, which encode one or more epitopes of outer membrane protein Bl are disclosed. Recombinant Bl protein or Bl peptides may be produce by culturing in a medium a host cell genetically engineered to contain and express a nucleotide sequence according to the present invention, and recovering the recombinant protein or peptide from the cultured host cell or culture medium. The nucleotide sequence of the present invention can also be used in molecular diagnostic assays for detecting M. catarrhalis genetic material, and in antigenic compositions for producing Bl-specific amino acids.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 435/069.300

INCLS: 435/071.100; 435/320.100; 435/325.000; 536/023.700

NCL NCLM: 435/069.300

NCLS: 435/071.100; 435/320.100; 435/325.000; 536/023.700

L7 ANSWER 14 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:106092 USPATFULL

TITLE: Vaccine for Moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S): Murphy, Timothy F., East Amherst, NY, United

States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Research Foundation of State University of

New York, Amherst, NY, United States (U.S.

corporation) .

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5948412 19990907 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1997-810655 19970303 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-245758,

filed on 17 May 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5607846

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: Granted
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Degen, Nancy

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Schwartzman, Robert

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Hodgson, Russ, Andrews Woods & Goodyear, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 17 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1552

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Compositions comprising outer membrane protein "E", and peptides AB and oligopeptides thereof, of Moraxella catarrhalis are described. Additionally, nucleotide sequences encoding the protein, peptide, or oligopeptide are disclosed, as well as recombinant vectors containing these sequences. Protein, peptide, or oligopeptide can be produced from host cell systems containing these recombinant vectors. Peptides and oligopeptides can also be chemically synthesized. Disclosed are the uses of the protein, peptides and oligopeptides as antigens in antigenic formulations for vaccine applications or for generating antisera of diagnostic or therapeutic use; and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays. The nucleotide sequences are useful for constructing vectors for use as vaccines for insertions into attenuated bacteria in constructing a recombinant bacterial vaccine and for inserting into a viral vector in constructing a recombinant viral vaccine. Also described is the use of nucleotide sequences related to the gene encoding E as primers and/or probes in molecular diagnostic assays for the detection of M. catarrhalis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 424/251.100 INCLS: 530/350.000 NCL NCLM: 424/251.100 NCLS: 530/350.000

L7 ANSWER 15 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:112095 USPATFULL

TITLE: Nucleic acids encoding high molecular weight

major outer membrane protein of moraxella

INVENTOR(S): Sasaki, Ken, 1131 Steeles Avenue, West, Apt. No.

512, Willowdale, Ontario, Canada M2R 3W8
Harkness, Robin E., 640 Sheppard Avenue, East,

Apt. #1706, Willowdale, Ontario, Canada M2K 1B8

Loosmore, Sheena M., 70 Crawford Rose Drive,

Aurora, Ontario, Canada L4G 4R4

Klein, Michel H., 16 Munro Boulevard, Willowdale,

Ontario, Canada M2P 1B9

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5808024 19980915 US 1995-478370 19950607 (8)

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-431718,

filed on 1 May 1995

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Walsh, Stephen

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Sorensen, Kenneth A.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

1.3

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

LINE COUNT:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

18 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)

1481

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An isolated and purified outer membrane protein of a Moraxella strain, particularly M. catarrhalis, has a molecular mass of about 200 kDa. The about 200 kDa outer membrane protein as well as nucleic acid molecules encoding the same are useful in diagnostic applications and immunogenic compositions, particularly for in vivo administration to a host to confer protection against disease caused by a bacterial pathogen that produces the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein or produces a protein capable of inducing antibodies in a host specifically reactive with the about 200 kDa outer membrane protein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 536/023.100

INCLS: 435/069.100; 435/069.700; 435/252.300; 435/320.100;

435/325.000; 530/300.000; 530/350.000; 536/023.500;

424/251.100

NCL NCLM:

536/023.100

NCLS: 424/251.100; 435/069.100; 435/069.700; 435/252.300;

435/320.100; 435/325.000; 530/300.000; 530/350.000;

536/023.500

ANSWER 16 OF 22 USPATFULL T.7

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:61433 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Methods and compositions relating to useful

antigens of moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S):

Hansen, Eric J., Plano, TX, United States Maciver, Isobel, Dallas, TX, United States Helminen, Merja, Helsinki, Finland

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Board of Regents, The University of Texas System,

United States (U.S. corporation)

KIND NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_\_ PATENT INFORMATION: 19980602

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 5759813 US 1994-193150 19940919 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-745591, filed on 15 Aug 1991, now patented, Pat. No. US 5552146

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Hutzell, Paula K.

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Navarro, Mark

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Arnold, White & Durkee

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 15 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

5 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1732

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AΒ

The present disclosure relates to selected antigenic proteins obtained from the outer membranes of Moraxella catarrhalis, that are found to have a variety of useful properties. These proteins, termed OMPs ("Outer Membrane Proteins"), are characterized as having molecular weights of about 30 kD, 80 kD and between about 200 and 700 kD, respectively. Studies set forth herein demonstrated that monoclonal antibodies directed against these proteins confer a protective effect against infection by Moraxella catarrhalis organisms in animal models, demonstrating the potential usefulness of such antibodies in conferring passive immunity as well as the potential usefulness of these OMPs, or variants thereof, in the preparation of vaccines. Also disclosed are DNA segments encoding these OMPs, methods for preparing the antigens or variants, through the application of recombinant DNA techniques, as well as diagnostic methods and embodiments.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 435/069.300

INCLS: 435/069.100; 435/320.100; 435/325.000; 536/023.100;

536/023.700; 530/350.000; 424/184.100

NCL

NCLM: 435/069.300

NCLS: 424/184.100; 435/069.100; 435/320.100; 435/325.000;

530/350.000; 536/023.100; 536/023.700

L7 ANSWER 17 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:24926 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Vaccine for branhamelia catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S):

Murphy, Timothy F., East Amherst, NY, United

States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Research Foundation of State University of New

York, Amherst, NY, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE				

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 5725862 19980310 US 1995-569959 19951208 (8

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Division of Ser. No. US 1994-306871, filed on 20 Sep 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5712118 which

is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

1993-129719, filed on 29 Sep 1993, now patented,

Pat. No. US 5556755

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

DDIMARY EVANTAGE.

Minnifield, N. M.

PRIMARY EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Hodgson, Russ, Andrews Woods & Goodyear

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

16 1

Searcher :

Shears

308-4994

6 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1877 LINE COUNT: CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. Compositions comprising outer membrane protein "CD", and peptides AB and oligopeptides thereof, of Branhamella catarrhalis are described. Additionally, nucleotide sequences encoding the protein, peptide or oligopeptide are disclosed, as well as recombinant vectors containing these sequences. Protein, peptide or oligopeptide can be produced from host cell systems containing these recombinant vectors. Peptides and oligopeptides can also be chemically synthesized. Disclosed are the uses of the protein, peptides and oligopeptides as antigens for vaccine formulations, and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays. The nucleotide sequences are useful for constructing vectors for use as vaccines for insertion into attenuated bacteria in constructing a recombinant bacterial vaccine, and for inserting into a viral vector in constructing a recombinant viral vaccine. Also described is the use of nucleotide sequences related to the gene encoding CD as primers and/or probes in molecular diagnostic assays for the detection of B. catarrhalis. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. INCLM: 424/251.100 INCL INCLS: 424/184.100; 424/234.100; 424/185.100; 530/350.000; 530/300.000; 514/002.000; 435/320.100; 435/240.200; 435/252.300; 435/254.110; 435/069.100; 435/070.100; 435/071.100 NCLM: 424/251.100 NCL 424/184.100; 424/185.100; 424/234.100; 435/069.100; NCLS: 435/070.100; 435/071.100; 435/252.300; 435/254.110; 435/320.100; 514/002.000; 530/300.000; 530/350.000 ANSWER 18 OF 22 USPATFULL 1998:9349 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER: Vaccine for branhamella catarrhalis TITLE: Murphy, Timothy F., East Amherst, NY, United INVENTOR(S): States Research Foundation of State University of New PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): York, Amherst, NY, United States (U.S. corporation) KIND NUMBER DATE PATENT INFORMATION: US 5712118 19980127 US 1994-306871 APPLICATION INFO.: 19940920 (8) Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-129719, RELATED APPLN. INFO.: filed on 29 Sep 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5556755, issued on 17 Sep 1996 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility Granted FILE SEGMENT: Hutzell, Paula K. PRIMARY EXAMINER: Minnifield, N. M. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Hodgson, Russ, Andrews, Woods & Goodyear LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

Searcher: Shears 308-4994

6 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

LINE COUNT:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

1838

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions comprising outer membrane protein "CD", and peptides and oligopeptides thereof, of Branhamella catarrhalis are described. Additionally, nucleotide sequences encoding the protein, peptide or oligopeptide are disclosed, as well as recombinant vectors containing these sequences. Protein, peptide or oligopeptide can be produced from host cell systems containing these recombinant vectors. Peptides and oligopeptides can also be chemically synthesized. Disclosed are the uses of the protein, peptides and oligopeptides as antigens for vaccine formulations, and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays. The nucleotide sequences are useful for constructing vectors for use as vaccines for insertion into attenuated bacteria in constructing a recombinant bacterial vaccine, and for inserting into a viral vector in constructing a recombinant viral vaccine. Also described is the use of nucleotide sequences related to the gene encoding CD as primers and/or probes in molecular diagnostic assays for the detection of B. catarrhalis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCLM: 435/069.300 INCL

INCLS: 435/320.100; 435/252.100; 435/087.100; 435/091.100;

435/091.400T; 435/235.100; 435/172.300; 536/022.100;

536/023.100; 530/350.000

NCL NCLM: 435/069.300

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

435/091.100; 435/091.400; 435/235.100; 435/252.100; NCLS:

435/320.100; 530/350.000; 536/022.100; 536/023.100

ANSWER 19 OF 22 USPATFULL L7

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:18072 USPATFULL

Vaccine for moraxella catarrhalis TITLE:

Murphy, Timothy F., East Amherst, NY, United INVENTOR(S):

States

Bhushan, Reva, North Potomac, MD, United States Research Foundation of State University of New

York, Amherst, NY, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 5607846 PATENT INFORMATION: 19970304 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1994-245758 19940517 (8) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Guzo, David

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Schwartzman, Robert

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Hodgson, Russ, Andrews, Woods & Goodyear

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 8 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 1262

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Compositions comprising outer membrane protein "E", and peptides and oligopeptides thereof, of Moraxella catarrhalis are described. Additionally, nucleotide sequences encoding the protein, peptide, or oligopeptide are disclosed, as well as recombinant vectors containing these sequences. Protein, peptide, or oligopeptide can be produced from host cell systems containing these recombinant vectors. Peptides and oligopeptides can also be chemically

synthesized. Disclosed are the uses of the protein, peptides and oligopeptides as antigens for vaccine formulations, and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays. The nucleotide sequences are useful for constructing vectors for use as vaccines for insertions into attenuated bacteria in constructing a recombinant bacterial vaccine and for inserting into a viral vector in constructing a recombinant viral vaccine. Also described is the use of nucleotide sequences related to the gene encoding E as primers and/or probes in molecular diagnostic assays for the detection of M. catarrhalis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 435/069.300

INCLS: 435/252.300; 435/252.800; 435/320.100; 536/023.100

NCL NCLM: 435/069.300

NCLS: 435/252.300; 435/252.800; 435/320.100; 536/023.100

L7 ANSWER 20 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:9925 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions relating to useful

antigens of moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S): Hansen, Eric J., Plano, TX, United States

Helminen, Merja, Dallas, TX, United States
Maciver, Isobel, Dallas, TX, United States
American Cyanamid Company, Wayne, NJ, United

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Company, Wayne, NJ, United

States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5599693 19970204 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-450002 19950525

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1991-745591, filed on 15

Aug 1991

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Housel, James C. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Murthy, Prasad

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold White & Durkee

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 12 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1620

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present disclosure relates to selected antigenic proteins obtained from the outer membranes of Moraxella catarrhalis, that have been found by the inventors to have a variety of useful properties. These proteins, termed OMPs ("Outer Membrane Proteins"), are characterized as having molecular weights of 30, 80 and 100 kD, respectively. Studies set forth herein demonstrate that monoclonal antibodies directed against these proteins confer a protective effect against infection by Moraxella catarrhalis organisms in animal models, demonstrating the potential usefulness of such antibodies in conferring passive immunity as well as the potential usefulness of these OMPs, or variants thereof, in the preparation of vaccines. Also disclosed are DNA segments encoding these OMPs, methods for preparing the antigens, or variants, through the application of recombinant DNA techniques, as well as diagnostic methods and embodiments.

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CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       INCLM: 435/069.300
INCL
       INCLS: 424/184.100; 424/251.100; 435/007.200; 435/007.320;
               435/071.100; 435/071.200; 435/243.000; 435/252.100; 436/543.000; 530/388.200; 530/388.400; 530/412.000;
               530/413.000; 935/106.000; 935/108.000; 935/109.000;
               935/110.000
       NCLM:
               435/069.300
NCL
               424/184.100; 424/251.100; 435/007.200; 435/007.320;
       NCLS:
               435/071.100; 435/071.200; 435/243.000; 435/252.100;
               436/543.000; 530/388.200; 530/388.400; 530/412.000;
               530/413.000
     ANSWER 21 OF 22 USPATFULL
1.7
                          96:85036 USPATFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER:
TITLE:
                          Method for detecting Branhamella catarrhalis
                          Murphy, Timothy F., East Amherst, NY, United
INVENTOR(S):
                          States
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          The Research Foundation of State University of
                          New York, Amherst, NY, United States (U.S.
                          corporation)
                               NUMBER KIND
                                                      DATE
                          US 5556755
                                                    19960917
PATENT INFORMATION:
                          US 1993-129719
                                                    19930929 (8)
APPLICATION INFO.:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Utility
FILE SEGMENT:
                          Granted
                          Zitomer, Stephanie W.
PRIMARY EXAMINER:
                          Sisson, Bradley L.
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:
                          Hodgson, Russ, Andrews, Woods & Goodyear
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:
                          10
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:
                          1
                          6 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:
LINE COUNT:
                          1223
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       Compositions comprising outer membrane protein "CD", and peptides
AB
       thereof, of Branhamella catarrhalis are described. Additionally,
       nucleotide sequences encoding the protein or peptide are
       disclosed, as well as recombinant vectors containing these
       sequences. Protein or peptide can be produced from host cell systems containing these recombinant vectors. Peptides can also be
       chemically synthesized. Disclosed are the uses of the protein and
       peptides as antigens for vaccine formulations, and as antigens in diagnostic immunoassays. The nucleotide sequences are useful for
       inserting into a viral vector in constructing a recombinant viral
       vaccine. Also described is the use of nucleotide sequences related
       to the gene encoding CD as primers and/or probes in molecular
       diagnostic assays for the detection of B. catarrhalis.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       INCLM: 435/006.000
INCL
       INCLS: 435/091.100; 435/091.200; 435/871.000; 536/023.700;
               536/024.320; 536/024.330; 536/025.300; 935/077.000;
               935/078.000
NCL
       NCLM:
               435/006.000
               435/091.100; 435/091.200; 435/871.000; 536/023.700;
       NCLS:
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## 536/024.320; 536/024.330; 536/025.300

L7 ANSWER 22 OF 22 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:80017 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions relating to useful

antigens of Moraxella catarrhalis

INVENTOR(S): Hansen, Eric J., Plano, TX, United States

Helminen, Merja, Dallas, TX, United States Maciver, Isobel, Dallas, TX, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, The University of Texas System,

Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5552146 19960903 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1991-745591 19910815 (7)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Sidberry, Hazel F. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnold, White & Durkee

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 7
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1597

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present disclosure relates to selected antigenic proteins AB obtained from the outer membranes of Moraxella catarrhalis, that have been found by the inventors to have a variety of useful properties. These proteins, termed OMPs ("Outer Membrane Proteins"), are characterized as having molecular weights of 30, 80 and 100 kD, respectively. Studies set forth herein demonstrate that monoclonal antibodies directed against these proteins confer a protective effect against infection by Moraxella catarrhalis organisms in animal models, demonstrating the potential usefulness of such antibodies in conferring passive immunity as well as the potential usefulness of these OMPs, or variants thereof, in the preparation of vaccines. Also disclosed are DNA segments encoding these OMPs, methods for preparing the antigens, or variants, through the application of recombinant DNA techniques, as well as diagnostic methods and embodiments.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

INCL INCLM: 424/251.100

INCLS: 424/184.100; 530/350.000

NCL NCLM: 424/251.100

NCLS: 424/184.100; 530/350.000

(FILE "HCAPLUS, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIDS, CONFSCI, SCISEARCH, JECST-EPLUS, JAPIO, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 11:08:53 ON 06 SEP 2002)

L11

0 S ("DE BASSOLS" ? OR "VINALS" ?)/AU AND L2

4 S ("BASSOLS" ? OR "VINALS" ?)/AU AND L1

2 DUP REM L12 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:795840 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:45830

TITLE: BASB031 polynucleotides and polypeptides from

Moraxella catarrhalis and

their use for diagnosis and treatment of

infection

INVENTOR(S): Ruelle, Jean-louis; Tommassen, Johannes Petrus

Maria; Vinals-Bassols, Carlota

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S. A., Belg.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 113 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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WO	9964	448		A2 19991216			WO 1999-EP3823				3	19990531				
WO	9964	448		A.	3	20000	0203									
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		CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,
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		SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,
		AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM						
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		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG		
ΑU	9945	049		A.					A	AU 1999-45049 19990531						
ΕP	1082	436		A2	2	2001	0314		E:	P 199	99-9	2784	5	1999	0531	
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,
		PT,	IE,	FI												
RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO.	. <b>:</b>				(	GB 1:	998-	1216	3	Α	1998	0605	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GB 1998-12163 A 19980605

WO 1999-EP3823 W 19990531

AB The invention provides BASB031 polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding BASB031 polypeptides and methods for producing such

encoding BASB031 polypeptides and methods for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques. The BASB031 genomic DNA was prepd. from Moraxella catarrhalis (also named Branhelmella catarrhalis) and shown to encode a polypeptide 473 amino acids in length with homol. to Pseudomonas aeruginosa PilQ fimbrial assembly protein. BASB031 sequence variability was detected between M. catarrhalis strains ATCC 43617, Mc2911 and Mc2969. Also provided are diagnostic, prophylactic and therapeutic uses in M. catarrhalis infections causing otitis media, pneumonia, and sinusitis.

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:784268 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:31787

TITLE: Sequences of a novel Moraxella

catarrhalis protein, designated BASB027, and uses thereof in diagnostic assays and in

vaccines

INVENTOR(S): Vinals-Bassols, Carlota

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Biologicals S.A., Belg.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	NT NO.		KIND	IND DATE APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
	963093 963093										2	1999	0531	
	W: AE, CZ,	AL, A DE, D	м, АТ, К, ЕЕ,	AU, ES,	AZ, FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,
	MD,	IS, J MG, M SK, S	K, MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,
		AZ, B	Y, KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM						
	DK,	ES, F	I, FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,		
AU 7	943732 38896		B2	2001	0927									
EP 1	911609		A2	2001	0314		El	P 19	99-92	2650	7	1999	0531	
	R: AT, PT, 20025171	IE, S	I, FI		•		•							MC,
NO 2	0000061	12	A	2001	0202		NO	20	00-6	112		2000	1201	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1998-11945 A 19980603 GB 1999-5304 A 19990308 WO 1999-EP3822 W 19990531														

AB This invention provides protein and DNA sequences for a novel Moraxella catarrhalis (strain ATCC 43617) protein, designated BASB027, which shows 32% amino acid sequence identity to the OMP85 outer membrane protein of Neisseria meningitidis. The invention also relates to the use of BASB027 protein, gene, or fragments thereof, in vaccines against Moraxella infection and in diagnostic assays.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:23:09 ON 06 SEP 2002